



### Lethal & Non-Lethal

- Officer Presence
- Verbal Commands
- Soft Hand Techniques
- Hard Hand Techniques
- Pepper Spray
- Electronic Control Device (Taser)
- Firearm

## Policy Specifics

- Bans chokeholds.
- Requires de-escalation.
- Officers have a duty to intervene if excessive force is being used.
- Officers are restricted from firing at a moving vehicle except under limited circumstances.
- Officers can only use the force necessary and proportional to the amount needed to gain control. This can escalate and de-escalate during the same incident.
- When possible, officers must exhaust all other means before using deadly force.
- Officers are required to give a warning before deploying pepper spray or deploying their Taser. In most circumstances, a verbal warning will be given prior to using deadly force but it is not required.
- Officers are required to report every use of force.



# What does a use of force investigation look like?

- On scene Sergeant enters the use of force in the system and does the initial investigation.
- A Lieutenant then conducts a review using the report and any video of the incident.
- A Major then reviews the use of force using available information.
- One of our Use of Force experts then reviews the use of force.
- The Deputy Chief reviews the force.
- Finally, I review the use of force.

## Use of Force in Dunwoody

- Majority of force incidents involved the display of a firearm or display of a Taser.
- Majority of incidents that involve the use of force are shoplifting and retail fraud.

Year	Use of Force Incidents	Arrests	% of Arrests
2019	70	2,201	3.18
2018	105	2,004	5.23
2017	79	2,265	3.48

## Dunwoody Police Department Demographics

Race	2010 Census	DPD
White	69.8 %	67.7 %
African American	12.8 %	12.9 %
Asian American	11.1 %	3.2 %
Hispanic	10.3 %	12.9 %
Two or More Races	2.3 %	3.2%
Females	48.13 %	6.5 %

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#### Questions