

4800 Ashford Dunwoody Road Dunwoody, Georgia 30338 dunwoodyga.gov | 678.382.6700

MEMORANDUM

To: Mayor and City Council

From: Madalyn Smith, Senior Planner

September 11th, 2023 Date:

Subject: Text Amendment

Chapter 27 – Drive-through facilities

ITEM DESCRIPTION

This item is a proposed text amendment to the regulations for drive-through facilities. It creates an official definition of drive-throughs and specifically regulates them as a separate use within the nonresidential and mixed-use zoning districts.

DISCUSSION

Drive-through facilities are typically not conducive to a pedestrian-friendly environment and can often have other adverse impacts. Drive-through stacking presents a major issue because long lines can impede streets, sidewalks, and adjacent properties. Large volumes of trips over short periods of time (such as during meal-time rushes) also create ample opportunities for ingress/egress conflicts between drive-through patrons and other vehicles or pedestrians/cyclists. Additionally, the typical car-centric development that is associated with drive-throughs does not include much greenspace; the excessive asphalt from these developments contributes to heat island effects. For a drive-through to be an enhancement to the Dunwoody community, special consideration for mitigation of any adverse impacts should be made for all future/redeveloped drive-through facilities within the city.

Currently, the Zoning Ordinance does not have a definition for drive-through facilities. General design requirements are included in Sec. 27-211 of the Zoning Ordinance (including number of stacking spaces and dimensions). Additional requirements are applicable in the Perimeter Center Overlay District (Sec. 27-98 of the Zoning Ordinance, including the requirement that drive-through facilities are to the rear or side of a structure.

Within the Perimeter Center and Dunwoody Village zoning districts, the Zoning Ordinance currently regulates drive-through facilities as a separate use. Within the general nonresidential and mixed-use zoning districts, i.e. C-1 or O-I, restaurants with drivethroughs are specifically regulated as its own use, but drive-throughs for other types of uses such as banks or pharmacies are not regulated. In practice, for example, drive-through banks have been permitted by right within the districts.



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Staff has proposed to include a definition of drive-through facilities; it is necessary to do this because drive-throughs are currently listed as a use category within the Perimeter Center and Dunwoody Village use tables (Section 27-104 & Section 27-107). Staff has also amended the organization of the use tables for these districts, but has not altered the intent. This is to create consistent use tables within each of these different sections.

Within the nonresidential and mixed use zoning districts, staff proposes to add a new use category for drive-through facilities. Adding drive-throughs as a separate use category allows them to be specifically regulated, without affecting the primary uses that are allowed by-right, such as restaurants and banks. Staff recommends that all new drive-throughs be required to obtain a special land use permit. The special land use permit process ensures proper review and consideration is given to new/redeveloped drive-through facilities and allows special conditions to be put in place to mitigate adverse impacts.

For reference, the review and approval criteria for special land use permits are as follows:

- (a) General. Except as otherwise stated in this ordinance, the following review and approval criteria must be used in reviewing and taking action on all special land use permit applications:
 - (1) Whether the proposed use is consistent with the policies of the comprehensive
 - (2) Whether the proposed use complies with the requirements of this zoning ordinance;
 - (3) Whether the proposed site provides adequate land area for the proposed use, including provision of all required open space, off-street parking and all other applicable requirements of the subject zoning district;
 - (4) Whether the proposed use is compatible with adjacent properties and land uses, including consideration of:
 - a. Whether the proposed use will create adverse impacts upon any adjoining land use by reason of noise, smoke, odor, dust or vibration generated by the proposed use;
 - b. Whether the proposed use will create adverse impacts upon any adjoining land use by reason of the hours of operation of the proposed use; c. Whether the proposed use will create adverse impacts upon any adjoining land use by reason of the manner of operation of the proposed use;
 - d. Whether the proposed use will create adverse impacts upon any adjoining land use by reason of the character of vehicles or the volume of traffic generated by the proposed use;
 - e. Whether the size, scale and massing of proposed buildings are appropriate in relation to the size of the subject property and in relation to the size, scale and massing of adjacent and nearby lots and buildings; and f. Whether the proposed plan will adversely affect historic buildings, sites, districts, or archaeological resources.
 - (5) Whether public services, public facilities and utilities—including motorized and nonmotorized transportation facilities—are adequate to serve the proposed use;



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- (6) Whether adequate means of ingress and egress are proposed, with particular reference to nonmotorized and motorized traffic safety and convenience, traffic flow and control and emergency vehicle access;
- (7) Whether adequate provision has been made for refuse and service areas; and
- (8) Whether the proposed building as a result of its proposed height will create a negative shadow impact on any adjoining lot or building.

PLANNING COMMISSION RECOMMENDATION

At the August 8th Planning Commission meeting, the commission recommended to approve the text amendment, subject to amending the definition of drive-through facilities to read as "Drive-through facility. A facility at which the customer is served while sitting in a vehicle, typically associated with but not limited to, drive-thru restaurants, banks, pharmacies, and dry cleaners."

STAFF RECOMMENDATION

Staff recommends APPROVAL.

ATTACHMENTS

- Current and Proposed Chapter 27 Regulations
- Ordinance, Drive-through facilities

AN ORDINANCE TO AMEND CHAPTER 27 (ZONING ORDINANCE) OF THE CITY OF DUNWOODY CODE OF ORDINANCES; TO AMEND THE REGULATIONS FOR DRIVE-THROUGH FACILITIES;

- WHEREAS, the City of Dunwoody established several Community Policies in the 2020-2040 Comprehensive Plan, which include "[Encouraging] mixed-use development and design standards that enhance pedestrian movement, lifelong communities and healthy living" as well as "[Promoting] walk- and bike- 'ability'"; and
- **WHEREAS**, drive-through facilities are car-oriented facilities that can create unsafe conditions for pedestrians; and
- **WHEREAS**, car-oriented development presents a challenge to implementing the City's established Community Policies; and
- **WHEREAS**, the City wishes to proactively regulate future drive-through facilities, in order to ensure conformity with the City's 2020-2040 Comprehensive Plan; and
- **WHEREAS**, the special land use permit process allows for through review of the design of drive-through facilities to ensure safety conflicts are minimized; and
- **WHEREAS**, this amendment is necessary to ensure the health, safety, and welfare of Dunwoody residents.

NOW, THEREFORE, the Mayor and City Council of the City of Dunwoody HEREBY ORDAIN that Chapter 27 is amended as follows:

SECTION I: That Chapter 27 of the City Code is further amended by amending Code Section 27-72, entitled, "Uses allowed", to read as follows:

Sec. 27-72. - Uses allowed.

The following table identifies uses allowed in nonresidential and mixed-use zoning districts. See [subsection] 27-111(4) for information about how to interpret the use table.

lucro.	DIST	RICTS	5		Supplemental					
USES	0-1	O-I- T	O- D	OCR	NS	C- 1	CR- 1	C- 2	М	Regulations
$P = use\ permitted\ as\ of\ right\ /\ A = administrative\ permit\ req'd\ /\ E = special\ exception\ req'd\ /\ S = special\ land\ use\ permit\ req'd$										

RESIDENTIAL										
-	Р	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	27-147	
-	-	-	S	-	-	S	-	-		
-	-	-	Р	-	-	Р	-	-		
Group Living										
Р	Р	-	Р	-	-	-	-	-	27-146	
Р	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Р	Р	-	-	-	-	-	-	Р		
-	-	Р	-	Р	Р	Р	Р	-		
-	-	Р	-	Р	Р	Р	Р	-		
Р	Р	Р	-	Р	Р	Р	Р	-	27-145	
Р	Р	Р	-	Р	Р	Р	Р	-		
Р	Р	Р	-	Р	Р	Р	Р	-		
Р	S	Р	-	Р	Р	Р	Р	-		
			Р		Р	Р				
S	S	-	-	-	Р	Р	Р	-	27-140	
S	S	-	-	-	Р	Р	Р	-	27-140	
-	А	-	-	-	А	А	А	-	27-143.2	
-	-	-	-	-	Р	Р	Р	Р		
Р	Р	Р	-	-	Р	Р	Р	Р		
	P P P P S S									

Cultural Exhibit	Р	Р	Р	-	-	Р	Р	Р	-	
Day care facility, adult (6 or fewer persons)	-	-	Р	-	-	-	-	-	-	27-137
Day care center, adult (7 or more)	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	-	
Day care facility, child (6 or fewer persons)	-	-	Р	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Day care center, child (7 or more)	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р		
Educational Services	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	I			<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	L
College or university	Р	Р	Р	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Kindergarten	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	-	27-141
Research and training facility, college or university affiliated	Р	Р	Р	-	-	-	-	-	Р	
School, private elementary, middle or senior high	Р	Р	Р	Р	-	Р	Р	Р	Р	27-148
School, specialized non-degree	Р	Р	Р	Р	-	Р	Р	Р	Р	
School, vocational or trade	Р	Р	Р	-	-	Р	Р	Р	Р	
Hospital	Р	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Place of Worship	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	27-146
Utility Facility, Essential	E	E	Р	Е	Е	Р	Р	Р	Р	27-151
COMMERCIAL										
Adult Use										
Body art service								Р	Р	
Sexually oriented business	P	-	-	Р	-	-	-	Р	Р	27-149
Animal Services	ı	1	ı	•	<u> </u>		<u> </u>			
Animal care/boarding	-	-	-	S	S	Р	Р	Р	Р	27-131
Animal grooming	-	-	-	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	27-131
		1								

Animal hospital/veterinary clinic	-	-	-	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	27-131
Communication Services	•	•				•				
Radio and television broadcasting stations	Р	Р	Р	-	-	Р	Р	Р	Р	
Recording studios	Р	Р	Р	_	-	Р	Р	Р	Р	
Telecommunication tower	А	-	А	-	S	А	А	А	А	27-150
Telecommunication antenna, co-located	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	27-150
Construction and Building Sales and Services	<u> </u>	•	•			<u> </u>			<u> </u>	
Building or construction contractor	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Р	Р	
Commercial greenhouse or plant nursery	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	Р	Р	
Electrical, plumbing and heating supplies and services	-	-	-	_	-	Р	Р	-	Р	
Lumber, hardware or other building materials establishment	-	-	-	-	-	Р	Р	Р	Р	
Eating and Drinking Establishments		1	•							
Microbrewery	S	-	-	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	
Wine Specialty Shop	S	-	-	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	
Distillery	S	-	-	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	
Brewery	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	S	S	
Restaurant, accessory to allowed office or lodging use	Р	-	-	Р	-	Р	Р	Р	Р	
-Restaurant, drive in or drive through	-	-	-	_	-	Þ	S	P	P	
Food truck	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	27-138
Other eating or drinking establishment	-	-	-	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	- <u>P</u>	
Entertainment and Spectator Sports		1	1	•						ı
Auditorium or stadium	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	Р	Р	
	L	1						<u> — </u>		1

Drive-in theater	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Р		
Movie theater	-	-	-	Р	-	-	-	Р	-	
Special events facility	-	Р	-	-	-	Р	Р	Р	-	
Financial Services	·	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		I	<u> </u>		I		
Banks, credit unions, brokerage and investment services	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	
Convenient cash business	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Р	-	27-136
Pawn shop	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Р	-	27-144
Food and Beverage Retail Sales									<u> </u>	
Liquor store (as principal use)	-	-	-	-	-	Р	Р	Р	Р	
Liquor store (accessory to lodging or 3+ story office)	-	-	Р	Р	-	-	-	-	-	
Other food and beverage retail sales	P [1]	-	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	
Funeral and Interment Services		<u> </u>		1	l	<u> </u>	·	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
Cemetery, columbarium, or mausoleum	Р	Р	Р	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Crematory	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	S	
Funeral home or mortuary	Р	-	-	-	-	Р	Р	Р	Р	
Lodging	Р	-	Р	Р	-	Р	Р	Р	Р	
Medical Service										
Home health care service	Р	Р	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Hospice	Р	Р	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Kidney dialysis center	Р	Р	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Medical and dental laboratory	Р	Р	-	Р	-	Р	Р	-	Р	
Medical office/clinic	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	
			1	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		Щ_		l

Office or Consumer Service	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р		
	4_			I					_		
Parking, Non-accessory	S	-	Р	-	-	Р	Р	Р	Р	27-143.1	
Personal Improvement Service	·										
Barber shop, beauty shop, nail salon, massage and/or spa establishments, estheticians, and other "typical" uses per [subsection] 27-114(14)	Р	-	-	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	27-114(14)	
Other personal improvement service	-	-	-	-	-	Р	Р	Р	Р		
Repair or Laundry Service, Consumer											
Laundromat, self-service	-	-	-	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	-		
Laundry or dry cleaning drop-off/pick-up	Р	-	-	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р		
Other consumer repair or laundry service	-	-	-	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р		
Research and Testing Services	Р	-	Р	Р	-	-	-	Р	Р		
Retail Sales										•	
Retail sales of goods produced on the premises	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Р		
Shopping Center	-	-	-	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	-		
Other retail sales	P [1]	-	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	-		
Sports and Recreation, Participant		ı	I		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	'	<u> </u>			
Golf course and clubhouse, private	Р	Р	Р	-	-	-	-	Р	Р		
Health club	-	-	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р		
Private park	Р	Р	Р	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Recreation center or swimming pool, neighborhood	Р	Р	Р	-	-	-	-	-	Р		
Recreation grounds and facilities	-	-	Р	-	-	-	-	Р	-		
Tennis center, club and facilities	Р	Р	Р	Р	-	Р	Р	Р	-		

										,
Other participant sports and recreation (Indoor)	P	-	-	P	-	Р	Р	Р	-	
Other participant sports and recreation (Outdoor)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Р		
Vehicle and Equipment, Sales and Service	<u>. </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>				<u> </u>	
Car wash	-	-	-	-	-	Р	-	Р	Р	27-134
Gasoline sales	-	-	-	-	-	Р	-	Р	Р	27-139
Vehicle repair, minor	-	-	-	-	-	Р	-	Р	Р	27-153
Vehicle repair, major	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Р	Р	27-152
Vehicle sales and rental	-	-	-	-	-	S	S	Р	Р	27-154
Vehicle storage and towing	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Р	Р	27-155
<u>Other</u>										
Drive-through facility	<u>S</u>	<u>S</u>	<u>S</u>	<u>S</u>	<u>S</u>	<u>S</u>	<u>S</u>	<u>S</u>	<u>S</u>	
INDUSTRIAL										
Manufacturing and Production, Light	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Р	Р	
Wholesaling, Warehousing and Freight Movement	<u> </u>									
Warehousing and storage	-	-	Р	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Self-storage warehouse	-	-	Р	-	-	-	-	-	Р	
Storage yard and truck terminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	S	
AGRICULTURE AND TRANSPORTATION										
Agriculture										
Agricultural produce stand	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Р	
Community garden	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	27-135
						1				
Crops, production of	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Р	

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Transportation										
Heliport	S	-	S	-	-	S	S	-	Р	
Stations and terminals for bus and rail passenger service	S	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Taxi stand and taxi dispatching office	-	-	-	-	-	Р	Р	-	Р	

- [1] Within the O-I zoning district, other food and beverage sales and Other retail sales are limited as follows:
- a. Not permitted in any residential buildings or buildings with a residential component.
- b. Allowed only as an accessory use on the ground floor of a multi-story office or institutional building.
- c. Maximum floor area of the tenant suite is limited to 2,000 square feet.

(Ord. No. 2013-10-15, § 1(Exh. A § 27-5.20), 10-14-2013; Ord. No. 2015-01-05, § 1, 1-26-2015; Ord. No. 2015-06-13, § 1, 6-22-2015; Ord. No. 2019-05-08, § 1, 5-6-2019; Ord. No. 2020-03-04, § I, 3-9-2020; Ord. No. 2021-09-14, § III, 9-27-2021; Ord. No. 2022-01-02, § II, 1-10-2022)

SECTION III: That Chapter 27 of the City Code is further amended by amending Code Section 27-104(f), entitled, "Uses", to read as follows:

- (f) Uses. The following applies to all Perimeter Center districts.
 - (1) *Use table.* The following apply to the uses outlined in this section. Refer to figure 27-104-6, table of permitted uses.

Figure 27-104-6. Table of Permitted Uses

USES	DISTR	ICTS								
	PC-1	PC-2	Reference							
P = use permitted as of right / A = administrative permit req'd / E = special exception req'd / S = special land use permit req'd										
RESIDENTIAL										
Household Living										

		,			
Detached house	-	_	_	Р	
Attached house	-	P[1]	P[1]	P[1]	
Multi-unit building, rental	S	S	S	S	
Multi-unit building, owner-occupied	Р	Р	Р	Р	
Age-Restricted Multi-unit building, rental	S	S	S	S	
Age-Restricted Multi-unit building, owner-occupied	Р	Р	Р	Р	
Group Living	_	S	S	S	
Party House	_	-	-	-	27-143.2
QUASI-PUBLIC & INSTITUTIONAL					
Ambulance Service	S	S	S	S	
Club or Lodge, Private	Р	Р	Р	_	
Cultural Exhibit	Р	Р	Р	Р	
Day Care	Р	Р	Р	Р	
Educational Services	S	S	S	S	
Hospital	S	S	S	_	
Place of Worship	Р	Р	Р	Р	27-146
Utility Facility, Essential	Р	Р	Р	E	27-151
COMMERCIAL	<u> </u>			•	
Animal Services	Р	Р	S	_	27-131
Communication Services	l	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
Telecommunications antenna mounted to building or similar structure	А	А	А	А	27-150
All other	Р	Р	Р	Р	

Standalone tower	S	S	S	S	
Construction and Building Sales and Services	Р	Р	Р	_	
Eating and Drinking Establishments	I	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
Food truck	Р	Р	Р	_	27-138
Microbrewery	Р	Р	Р	_	27-156
Wine specialty shop	Р	Р	Р	_	27-157
Distillery	Р	Р	Р	_	27-158
Other eating or drinking establishments	Р	Р	Р	Р	
Drive-through Facility	S	S	S	_	27-98(d)(8)
Entertainment and Spectator Sports	l	<u> </u>			
Indoor	Р	Р	Р	_	
Outdoor	S	S	S	_	
Financial Services	I	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
Banks, credit unions, brokerage and investment services	Р	Р	Р	_	
Food and Beverage Retail Sales	Р	Р	Р	_	
Funeral and Interment Services	Р	Р	Р	_	
Lodging	Р	Р	Р	S	
Medical Service	Р	Р	Р	_	
Office or Consumer Service	Р	Р	Р	_	
Parking, Non-accessory	S	S	S	S	27-98(d)(9)
Personal Improvement Service	P	Р	Р	_	
Repair or Laundry Service, Consumer	P	Р	Р	_	

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Research and Testing Services	Р	Р	Р	-	
Retail Sales	Р	Р	Р	_	
Sports and Recreation, Participant					
Indoor	Р	Р	Р	_	
Outdoor	S	S	S	_	
Vehicle and Equipment, Sales and Service					
Gasoline sales	_	_	S	_	27-98(d)(7)
Vehicle sales and rental (indoor only)	Р	Р	Р	_	27-154
Vehicle repair, minor	_	_	S	_	27-153
<u>Other</u>					
Drive-through facility	<u>S</u>	<u>S</u>	<u>S</u>	П	27-98(d)(8)
[1] Where more than 10% of the units are rental, a special land use permit is requi	red				-

SECTION III: That Chapter 27 of the City Code is further amended by amending Code Section 27-107B(f), entitled, "Uses", to read as follows:

(f) Uses. The following applies to all DV districts.

...

USES	DISTRICTS				
	DV-1	Dv-2	DV-3	DV-4	Reference
RESIDENTIAL					
Household Living					
Detached house	_	P[6]	_	_	

Attached house, rental	S	<u> </u>	S	_	
	_				
Attached house, owner occupied	P	-	Р	_	
Multi-unit building, rental		S[1, 4]	S[1]	S[1]	
Multi-unit building, owner-occupied		S[1, 4]	S[1]	S[1]	
Age-Restricted Multi-unit building, rental		Р	Р	Р	
Age-Restricted Multi-unit building, owner-occupied	Р	Р	Р	Р	
Live/work	See p	rincipal (dwellir	ng unit	27-107B(f)(3)
Group Living	-	S	S	S	
Party House	-	-	-	-	27-143.2
QUASI-PUBLIC & INSTITUTIONAL					
Animal Services	S	s	_	Р	
Microbrewery, wine, specialty shop, distillary, cidery		_	_	P[2]	
Communication Services			ı		
Telecommunications, antenna mounted to building or similar structure	А	А	А	A	
All other	Р	Р	Р	Р	
Standalone towers	S	S	S	S	
Construction and Building Sales and Services	P[2]	-	_	P[2]	
Eating and Drinking Establishments	1	I	l	<u> </u>	
Food truck	Р	Р	-	Р	27-138
Other eating and drinking establishments	P[2]	-	-	P[2]	
— Drive-through facility	-	-	-	-	
Entertainment and Spectator Sports		<u> </u>	<u> </u>		

	l _{ara} ,	Г	ı			
Indoor	P[2]	-	-	P[2]		
Outdoor	-	-	-	-		
Financial Services						
Brokerage and Investment services	Р	Р	-	Р		
Banks, credit unions, savings and loan associations	P[3]	P[3]	-	P[3]		
Food and Beverage Retail Sales	P[2]	-	-	P[2]		
Funeral and Interment Services	-	-	-	-		
Lodging	P	Р	-	P		
Medical Services	Р	Р	-	P		
Office or Consumer Service	Р	Р	-	Р		
Parking, Non-acccessory	Р	Р	-	P	27-107D(i)(5)	
Parking Structures, Accessory or Non-Accessory	S[7]	S[7]	S[7]	S[7]	27-107D(i)(5)	
Personal Improvement Service	P[2]	P[2]	-	P[2]		
Repair or Laundry Service, Consumer	Р	Р	-	P		
Research and Testing Services	Р	Р	-	P		
Retail Sales	P[2]	-	-	P[2]		
Sports and Recreation, Participant		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		
Indoor	P[2]	-	-	P[2]		
Outdoor	-	-	-	-		
Vehicle and Equipment, Sales and Service						
Gasoline sales	-	-	-	-		
Vehicle sales and rental	P[5]	-	-	P[5]	27-154	

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Vehicle repair, minor	-	-	-	-	27-153
<u>Other</u>					
Drive-through facility	-11	11	11	11	

P = use permitted as of right

A = special administrative permit required

S = special land use permit required

- [1] No more than 60 percent of dwelling units may have a floor area of less than 800 square feet.
- [2] Individual establishments shall not exceed 50,000 square feet in gross floor area.

SO ORDAINED, this ____ day of _____, 2023.

SECTION IV: That Chapter 27 of the City Code is further amended by creating Code Section 27-117, entitled, "Other use category", to read as follows:

Sec. 27-117. – Other use category.

Drive-through facility. A facility at which the customer is served while sitting in a vehicle, typically associated with but not limited to, drive-thru restaurants, banks, pharmacies, and dry cleaners.

Secs. 27-11<u>87</u>—27-130. - Reserved.

Approved:	
Lynn P. Deutsch, Mayor	

STATE OF GEORGIA
CITY OF DUNWOODY

ATTEST:		Approved as to Form and Content:
Sharon Lowery, City Clerk	(Seal)	City Attorney

DIVISION 6. - DUNWOODY VILLAGE DISTRICTS

Sec. 27-107A. - Administration.

(a) Intent and applicability.

- (1) Intent. The Dunwoody Village (DV) district regulations are intended to implement the policies and objectives of the comprehensive plan and the Dunwoody Village Master Plan. They are further intended to help:
 - Maintain and enhance the identity and image of Dunwoody Village;
 - b. Accommodate and promote walkable development patterns containing a complementary mix of land uses;
 - c. Create opportunities for functional landscaped open and gathering spaces in the core of Dunwoody;
 - d. Ensure that new development and substantial additions to existing buildings are designed to promote Dunwoody Village as an area of unique character, while requiring that all new construction makes use of design standards and materials that enhance the district, complement existing character, and allow for the introduction of new design elements while supporting the addition of walkability and open space;
 - e. Support efforts to create a vibrant shopping and entertainment area in which merchants and businesses thrive and grow, thereby helping to maintain property values and keeping vacancy rates low; and
 - f. Maintain and enhance the area's role as a place for civic activities and public gatherings within well-designed open spaces.

(2) Applicability.

- a. DV district regulations apply to properties zoned to a DV district in accordance with the regulating map (figure 27-107B-1) and the amendment procedures of article V, division 2.
- b. The general applicability provisions of section 27-3 of this zoning ordinance apply to properties zoned a DV district, except where alternative applicability standards exist in DV district regulations.

(b) Administration and procedures.

- (1) Establishment of Dunwoody Village districts. Dunwoody Village (DV) zoning district classifications may be applied to property and DV district boundaries may be amended only in accordance with the amendment procedures of article V, division 2 and the regulating map of figure 27-107B-1.
- (2) Effect of establishment. Once property has been classified in a DV district, that property is subject exclusively to the applicable DV district regulations.
- (3) Review and approval procedures. Unless otherwise expressly stated, all uses and development in DV districts are subject to the applicable review and approval procedures of article V, as well as any applicable procedures in chapter 16 of the municipal code (land development regulations).
- (4) *Pre-application conference*. Preapplication conferences with staff are required for development permit applications (see the pre-application provisions of section 27-305).
- (5) Site plan review. Development permits applications must be accompanied by a site plan, which is subject to review and approval in accordance with article V, division 10.
- (6) Relief. The DV districts are intended to accommodate development as-of-right when such development occurs in strict conformance with applicable regulations. In some instances, however, unique site conditions, existing building circumstances, or other constraints related to the subject property may make strict compliance impossible or highly impractical. In such

instances, an applicant may seek relief from applicable regulations. Any relief granted and conditions imposed run with the land and are binding on the subject property owner and all future property owners.

- a. *Minor exception—Administrative relief*. The community development director is authorized to approve the following minor exceptions in accordance with the special administrative permit procedures of article v, division 7:
 - The location of a building relative to any minimum setback requirement or build-to zone width/location, provided that the location deviates from strict compliance by no more than five feet, except when a greater deviation is necessary to minimize the impact on special or specimen trees;
 - 2. An increase in total impervious coverage by no more than five percent, not to exceed the total amount of permitted impervious plus semi-pervious coverage;
 - A decrease in the percent of building façade in the build-to zone by no more than ten percent, except when a greater decrease is necessary to minimize the impact on special or specimen trees;
 - 4. A reduction in the amount of required shopfront building frontage along primary streets, by no more than ten percent, except when a greater reduction is necessary to minimize the impact on special or specimen trees;
 - 5. Additional height of any building story by no more than two feet, provided that the overall building height does not exceed the maximum permitted height;
 - 6. An increase in the maximum permitted height of a retaining wall by up to five feet;
 - 7. A modification to the required streetscape along existing streets with existing utilities, special trees, or specimen trees within or adjacent to the otherwise required streetscape; and
 - 8. Any other minor exception expressly authorized under the Dunwoody Village district regulations.
- b. Major exceptions—Special exceptions. Major exceptions to strict compliance with the DV district regulations include any exception to strict compliance that is not expressly authorized as a minor exception under the provisions of subsection 27-107A(b)(6)a. Major exceptions require review and approval in accordance with the special exception procedures of article V, division 6.
- (c) Text and graphics. Graphics are included in DV districts to illustrate the intent and requirement of the text. In the case of a conflict between the text and any graphics, the text governs.
- (d) *Primary street designation.* When used within a DV district, "primary street" means Chamblee Dunwoody Road, Mt. Vernon Road, and Dunwoody Village Parkway.

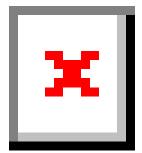
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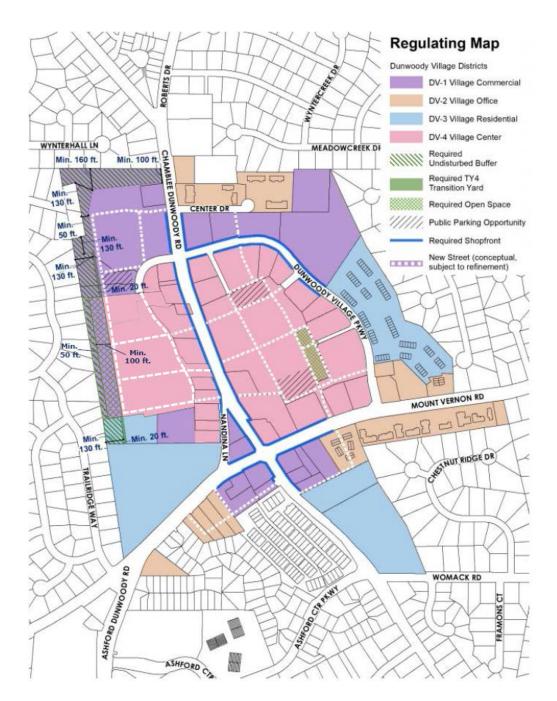
Sec. 27-107B. - Districts.

- (a) Districts and regulating map.
 - (1) District map. The location for each DV district is designated in figure 27-107B-1, regulating map.
 - (2) Official zoning map. The location for each DV district shown on the regulating map shall also be designated on the official zoning map.
 - (3) District requirements. The requirements in this subsection apply to the DV districts as follows.
 - Requirements specific to each district. Refer to sections 27- 107B(b) through 27-107B(e) for specific descriptions and requirements for each district.

- b. *Use requirements for all districts.* Refer to section 27- 107B(f), uses, for use requirements applicable to all districts.
- (4) General regulations. Refer to section 27-107C for general regulations that apply to all DV districts.
- (5) Building type regulations. Refer to section 27-107D for building type regulations that apply to all DV districts.
- (6) Open space regulations. Refer to section 27-107E for open space regulations that apply to all DV districts.
- (7) Buffers and transition yards.
 - a. Refer to section 27-230, transition yards, for information on buffer and screen requirements between different districts and uses, except where b. below applies.
 - b. Undisturbed buffers shall be required in the locations shown on the regulating map and with the width shown on the regulating map. Adjacent to these undisturbed buffers, an additional TY4 transition yard is also required in the locations shown on the regulating map and with the width shown on the regulating map.

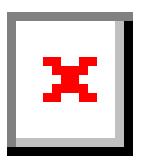
Figure 27-107B-1 Regulating Map





- (b) *DV-1 Village Commercial District*. Requirements for this district are provided in figure 27-107B-1. DV-1 District Requirements.
 - (1) Description and intent. The DV-1 District is intended to provide areas for commercial uses that primarily serve the needs of nearby neighborhoods. The district also includes opportunities for residential uses when incorporated into mixed-use developments.

Figure 27-107B-2 DV-1 District Requirements



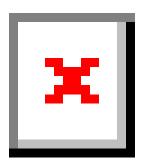
DV-1 \	ILLAGE COMMERCIAL DISTRICT	REQUIREMENTS	Reference		
ES	Shopfront	•			
BUILDING TYPES	General	•	section 27-107D		
Ž	Townhouse	•	Building Types		
BUII	Givic •				
USE	Mixed-Use Requirement	Maximum 75% of floor area may be residential	section 27-107B(f) Uses		
неіснт	Maximum: less than 100 feet from a lot line adjacent to single family zoning district	3 stories or 45 feet, whichever is less	section 27-107D(c) through (f) for floor-		
HEI	Maximum: greater than 100 feet to a lot line adjacent to single family zoning district	4 stories or 65 feet, whichever is less	to-floor heights per Building Type		
SITE	Maximum Impervious Cover (Sites under 1 acre)	85 percent	section 27-621		
SI	Maximum Impervious Coverage (Sites 1 Acre or Larger)	80 percent	Terms Defined		
LOTS	Lot Area	No minimum			
으	Lot Width	20 feet minimum			
S	Build-to Zone	No minimum / 20 feet maximum (for restaurant outdoor dining only), 10 feet maximum (all other uses)			
SETBACKS	Parking (front and side corner)	30 feet minimum			
ETIB	Side (interior)	No minimum			
01	Side (corner)	See front			
	Rear	No minimum			
	Plaza	•			
	Green	•			
OPEN SPACE REQUIREMENTS	Commons	•			
N SF	Park	•	section 27-107E Open Space Types		
OPEI (QUI	Minimum Area (Sites Under 1 Acre)	5 percent of total site area	Spenispace Types		
, H	Minimum Area (1 to 10 Acres)	10 percent of total site area			
	Minimum Area (Sites Over 10 Acres)	15 percent of total site area			

= permitted

(c) DV-2 Village Office District. Requirements for this district are provided in figure 27-107B-3. DV-2 District Requirements.

(1) Description and intent. The DV-2 District is intended to provide areas for small-scale office uses to serve nearby neighborhoods.

Figure 27-107B-3 DV-2 District Requirements

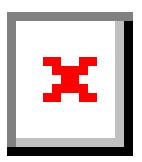


DV-2 V	ILLAGE OFFICE DISTRICT REQUI	REMENTS	Reference
(2)	Shopfront	•	
BUILDING TYPES	General	eneral •	
JIN T	Townhouse		Building Types
ω.	Civic		
USE	Mixed-Use Requirement	Ground floor residential use not permitted along a public or private street	section 27-107B(f) Uses
HEIGHT	Maximum	3 stories or 52 feet, whichever is less	section 27-107D(c) through (f) for floor- to-floor heights per Building Type
SITE	Maximum Impervious Cover (Sites under 1 acre) Maximum Impervious Cover (Sites 85 percent		section 27-621
Maximum Impervious Coverage (Sites 1 Acre or Larger)		80 percent	Terms Defined
TS	Lot Area	No minimum	
LOTS	Lot Width	16 feet minimum	
S	Build-to Zone	No minimum / 20 feet maximum (for restaurant outdoor dining only), 10 feet maximum (all other uses)	
ACK	Parking (front and side corner)	30 feet minimum	
SETBACKS	Side (interior)	No minimum	
0,	Side (corner)	See front	
	Rear	No minimum	
	Plaza	•	
2	Green	•	
OPEN SPACE REQUIREMENTS	Commons	•	
N SF	Park	•	section 27-107E Open Space Types
OPE (QUI	Minimum Area (Sites Under 1 Acre)	5 percent of total site area	Span Space Types
, a	Minimum Area (1 to 10 Acres)	10 percent of total site area	
	Minimum Area (Sites Over 10 Acres)	15 percent of total site area	

= permitted

- (d) *DV-3 Village Residential District.* Requirements for this district are provided in figure 27-107B-4. DV-3 District Requirements.
 - (1) Description and intent. The DV-3 District is intended to provide areas for residential uses that are within walking distance of retail and services. The district also supports existing quasipublic and institutional uses within Dunwoody Village.

Figure 27-107B-4 DV-3 District Requirements

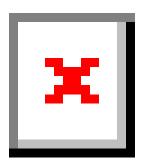


DV-3 \	/ILLAGE RESIDENTIAL DISTRICT	REQUIREMENTS	Reference
(0	Shopfront		
OIN(General	•	section 27-107D
BUILDING TYPES	Townhouse	•	Building Types
Δ	Civic	•	
USE	Mixed-Use Requirement	n/a	section 27-107B(f) Uses
HEIGHT	Maximum	3 stories or 52 feet, whichever is less	section 27-107D(c) through (f) for floor- to-floor heights per Building Type
SITE	Maximum Impervious Cover (Sites under 1 acre)	85 percent	section 27-621
SI	Maximum Impervious Coverage (Sites 1 Acre or Larger)	80 percent	Terms Defined
LOTS	Lot Area	No minimum	
으	Lot Width	20 feet minimum	
	Build-to Zone	No minimum / 10 feet maximum	
:KS	Parking (front and side corner)	30 foot minimum	
SETBACKS	Side (interior)	10 foot minimum	
SET	Side (corner)	See front	
	Rear	No minimum	
	Plaza	•	
2	Green	•	
ACE AEN:	Commons	•	
OPEN SPACE REQUIREMENTS	Park	•	section 27-107E Open Space Types
DPEI	Minimum Area (Sites Under 1 Acre)	5 percent of total site area	Орен эрисс турсэ
RE	Minimum Area (1 to 10 Acres)	10 percent of total site area	
	Minimum Area (Sites Over 10 Acres)	15 percent of total site area	

⁼ permitted

- (e) *DV-4 Village Center District*. Requirements for this district are provided in figure 27-107B-5. DV-4 District Requirements.
 - (1) Description and intent. The DV-4 District is intended to serve as the core of Dunwoody Village and provide its most intense mix of uses, centralized landscaped open spaces, and highly walkable development patterns.

Figure 27-112-5 DV-4 District Requirements



DV-4 V	ILLAGE CENTER DISTRICT REQU	JIREMENTS	Reference	
(0	Shopfront	•		
BUILDING	General	•	section 27-107D	
	Townhouse	se		
Δ.	Civic	•		
USE MIX	Mixed-Use Requirement	For all developments with over 15,000 square feet of floor area, a minimum 2 use categories shall be provided	section 27-107B(f) Uses	
누	Minimum	2 stories along all public streets	section 27-107D(c)	
HEIGH	Minimum 2 stories along all public streets Maximum 5 stories or 80 feet, whichever is less		through (f) for floor- to-floor heights per Building Type	
SITE	Maximum Impervious Cover (Sites under 1 acre)	95 percent	section 27-621	
SI	Maximum Impervious Coverage (Sites 1 Acre or Larger)	90 percent	Terms Defined	
LOTS	Lot Area	No minimum		
2	Lot Width	20 feet minimum		
S	Build-to Zone	No minimum / 20 feet maximum (for restaurant outdoor dining only), 10 feet maximum (all other uses)		
ÄČK	Parking (front and side corner)	30 foot minimum		
SETBACKS	Side (interior)	No minimum		
01	Side (corner)	See front		
	Rear	10 foot minimum		
	Plaza	•		
⊻	Green	•		
ACE MEN.	Commons	•		
OPEN SPACE	Park	•	section 27-107E Open Space Types	
OPEN SPACE REQUIREMENTS	Minimum Area (Sites Under 1 Acre)	5 percent of total site area	5 p 5 2 p 3 dd 1 y p d5	
22	Minimum Area (1 to 10 Acres)	10 percent of total site area		
	Minimum Area (Sites Over 10 Acres)	15 percent of total site area		

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(f) Uses. The following applies to all DV districts.

- Use table. The following apply to the uses outlined in this section. Refer to figure 27-107B-6, use table.
 - a. Use categories. Refer to sections 27-111 through 27-116.
 - b. *Permitted and special uses*. Each use may be permitted as-of-right, permitted with a special administrative permit, permitted as a special exception, or permitted with a special land use permit. Refer to figure 27-107B-6, use tables.
 - c. Number of uses. A lot may contain more than one use.
 - d. *Principal and accessory uses.* Each of the uses may function as either a principal use or accessory use on a lot, unless otherwise specified.
 - e. *Building type*. Each use shall be located within a permitted building type (refer to section 27-107D, building types), unless otherwise specified.
- (2) Use subcategories. For the purposes of fulfilling the use mix requirements defined in each district table (refer to section 27-107B(b) through section 27-107B(e)), utilize the following subcategories of uses, consisting of those uses listed in the table, that may contribute to the mix. Some permitted uses are not included.
 - Lodging and residence subcategory.
 - 1. Household living.
 - 2. Group living.
 - Lodging.
 - b. Civic subcategory.
 - 1. Club or lodge, private.
 - 2. Cultural exhibit.
 - Educational services.
 - 4. Hospital.
 - 5. Place of worship.
 - c. Office subcategory.
 - 1. Construction and building sales and service.
 - 2. Medical service.
 - Office or consumer service.
 - 4. Research and testing services.
 - d. Retail sales subcategory.
 - 1. Retail sales.
 - Food and beverage retail sales.
 - e. Service use subcategory.
 - Animal services.
 - 2. Day care.
 - 3. Repair or laundry services, consumer.
 - 4. Personal improvement services.
 - 5. Eating and drinking establishments.
 - Financial services.

7. Entertainment and spectator sports.

(3) Live-work.

- a. *Defined.* Accessory nonresidential activity conducted wholly within a dwelling unit that allows employees, customers, or clients to visit.
- b. Use standards. All live-work is subject to the following:
 - 1. Live-work is only allowed when the dwelling unit to which it is accessory has been approved in accordance with figure 27-107B-6, use table.
 - 2. Live-work is only allowed on the ground story of a building.
 - 3. At least one person must occupy the dwelling containing the live-work use as their primary place of residence.
 - 4. The live-work use may employ no more than two persons not living on the premises at any one time.
 - 5. No business storage or warehousing of material, supplies, or equipment is permitted outside of the dwelling containing the live- work use.
 - 6. The nonresidential use of the live-work use is limited to a use allowed in the DV district.
 - 7. No equipment or process may be used that creates, without limitation, noise, dust, vibration, glare, fumes, odors, or electrical interference detectable to the normal senses, off the premises.

USES	DISTRICTS							
	DV-1	Dv-2	DV-3	DV-4	Reference			
RESIDENTIAL	RESIDENTIAL							
Household Living								
Detached house	_	P[6]	_	_				
Attached house, rental	S	_	S	_				
Attached house, owner occupied	Р	_	Р	_				
Multi-unit building, rental	S[1]	S[1, 4]	S[1]	S[1]				
Multi-unit building, owner-occupied	S[1]	S[1, 4]	S[1]	S[1]				
Age-Restricted Multi-unit building, rental	Р	Р	Р	Р				
Age-Restricted Multi-unit building, owner-occupied	Р	Р	Р	Р				
Live/work	See principal dwelling unit			27-107B(f)(3)				
Group Living	_	S	S	S				

Party House	-	-	-	-	27-143.2			
QUASI-PUBLIC & INSTITUTIONAL	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>				
Animal Services	S	S	<u> </u>	Р				
Microbrewery, wine, specialty shop, distillary, cidery	P[2]	 -	_	P[2]				
Communication Services								
Telecommunications, antenna mounted to building or similar structure	А	А	А	А				
All other	Р	Р	Р	Р				
Standalone towers	S	S	S	S				
Construction and Building Sales and Services	P[2]	-	-	P[2]				
Eating and Drinking Establishments								
Food truck	Р	Р	-	Р	27-138			
Other eating and drinking establishments	P[2]	-	-	P[2]				
— Drive-through facility	-	-	-	-				
Entertainment and Spectator Sports								
Indoor	P[2]	-	-	P[2]				
Outdoor	-	-	-	-				
Financial Services								
Brokerage and Investment services	Р	Р	-	Р				
Banks, credit unions, savings and loan associations	P[3]	P[3]	-	P[3]				
Food and Beverage Retail Sales	P[2]	-	-	P[2]				
Funeral and Interment Services	-	-	-	-				
Lodging	Р	Р	-	P				
Medical Services	Р	Р	-	Р				

Office or Consumer Service	Р	Р	-	Р			
Parking, Non-acccessory	Р	Р	-	Р	27-107D(i)(5)		
Parking Structures, Accessory or Non-Accessory	S[7]	S[7]	S[7]	S[7]	27-107D(i)(5)		
Personal Improvement Service	P[2]	P[2]	-	P[2]			
Repair or Laundry Service, Consumer	Р	Р	-	Р			
Research and Testing Services	Р	Р	-	Р			
Retail Sales	P[2]	-	-	P[2]			
Sports and Recreation, Participant							
Indoor	P[2]	-	-	P[2]			
Outdoor	-	-	-	-			
Vehicle and Equipment, Sales and Service							
Gasoline sales	-	-	-	-			
Vehicle sales and rental	P[5]	-	-	P[5]	27-154		
Vehicle repair, minor	-	-	-	-	27-153		
<u>Other</u>	1						
Drive-through facility	=	Ξ	Ξ	=			

P = use permitted as of right

A = special administrative permit required

- S = special land use permit required
- [1] No more than 60 percent of dwelling units may have a floor area of less than 800 square feet.
- [2] Individual establishments shall not exceed 50,000 square feet in gross floor area.
- [3] Use shall not be located within 1,320 feet of the same use (as measured in a straight line from property line to property line), including any uses not within a DV district.
- [4] Use shall not be located on the ground story along any public or private street. When the use is allowed on the ground story it must be set at least 30 feet behind the street-facing façade.

- [5] No more than four vehicles for sale or rent may be displayed on site. All vehicles for sale or rent must be located in conditioned space.
- [6] Detached houses shall be subject to the street façade design requirements of the townhouse building type. No other building type standards shall apply.
- [7] A special land use permit is only required for accessory or non-accessory parking structures when any above-ground portion of such structure is located within 200 feet of a single-family residential zoning district. The use is permitted as of right in all other locations.

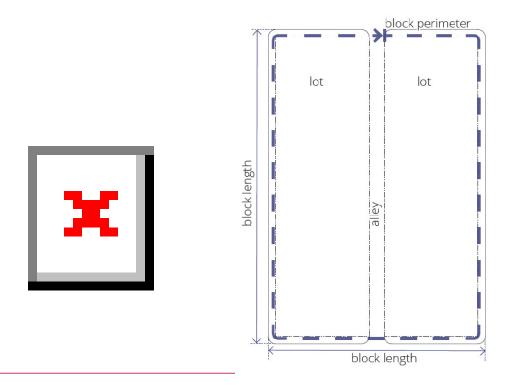
(Ord. No. 2020-11-23, Exh. A, 11-30-2020; Ord. No. 2021-09-12, § 1, 9-27-2021; Ord. No. 2022-01-02, § IV, 1-10-2022)

Sec. 27-107C. - General regulations.

- (a) Streets, blocks, and paths.
 - (1) Intent. The intent of the following is to form an interconnected network of streets with multiple intersections and block sizes scaled to support multiple modes of transportation, including walking, biking, transit use, and driving, within Dunwoody Village. Refer to chapter 16 for additional regulations.
 - (2) Applicability. New development and redevelopment must meet these street, block, and path requirements under any of the following circumstances:
 - a. New structure. Development of a new principal structure on a lot or portion of a lot.
 - b. Redevelopment or renovation. Redevelopment or renovation to an existing structure or site that increases the gross building square footage by more than ten percent over a 12-month period.
 - c. *Parking lots.* Redevelopment or revision to ten percent or more of an existing parking lot or development of a new parking lot, not including resurfacing, restriping, or minor repairs to an existing lot.
 - (3) New street locations.
 - a. Regulating map streets. New streets must be installed in the approximate locations shown on figure 27-107B-1, regulating map, in order to establish a network that fulfills the streets, block, and path intent and regulations. Additional streets not shown on the regulating map are also allowed.
 - b. Community development approval. The design and locations of all streets shall be approved by the community development director during the site plan review process.
 - (4) Street connectivity. The following provides requirements and guidance for locating new streets and connecting to surrounding context.
 - a. The arrangement of streets must provide for the continuation of existing streets from adjoining areas into new developments.
 - Cul-de-sac and dead-end streets shall only be allowed where topography and other existing barriers, such as or waterways, prevent street connectivity.
 - c. Streets must follow natural features rather than interrupting or dead-ending at the feature.
 - d. Streets must terminate at another street with either landscaped open space or a building façade across from the termination.
 - e. When adjacent developments do not provide street connectivity, applicants must coordinate with the community development director to determine the potential for future connections and provide for those connections.

- (5) Block configuration. Refer to figure 27-107C-1 for an illustration of typical block elements and section 16-240 for blocks.
 - Blocks should be deep enough to accommodate buildings that face streets with parking located in the interior of the block.

Figure 27-107C-1 Typical Block Elements



- b. Blocks may be configured to include existing lots within an existing zoning district that is not a DV district.
- c. A network of streets is required to meet the maximum block size requirement.
- d. Maximum block perimeter is 1,800 feet, except where the new streets required by the regulating map result in a smaller block perimeter, in which case such smaller block perimeter shall apply.
- e. Exceptions to block sizes may be granted by the community development director for new blocks that contain only open spaces or in locations adjacent to natural features such as steep grades and drainage areas, or other existing physical barriers.
- (6) Block driveway access.
 - a. Blocks may include internal alleys, drives, or driveway entrances for service, parking accessibility, and other routes internal to the development.
 - b. Alleys shall have a maximum paved surface width of:
 - 1. Twelve feet when only serving attached houses; otherwise
 - 2. Twenty-four feet.
 - Alleys and driveways should be aligned with alleys, driveways, and similar access points in other blocks.
- (7) Mid-block pedestrian ways.

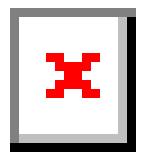
- a. Mid-block pedestrian ways are required through blocks longer than 800 feet and at locations that connect public rights-of-way with other public facilities such as parks and transit stops.
- b. When combined with mid-block street crossings, these pathways should align to facilitate easy pedestrian movements.
- c. Mid-block pedestrian ways should be located in the middle third of a block face.
- d. The minimum width for mid-block pedestrian ways rights-of-way or easements is 20 feet.
- e. A minimum of one canopy tree per 600 square feet of area is required.
- f. Mid-block pedestrian ways shall be treated with the same design requirements as existing streets per subsection (8), streetscapes.
- g. Required new pedestrian paths per figure 27-107B-1 may fulfill the requirements for midblock pedestrian ways.

(8) Streetscapes.

- a. Applicability. The following standards apply on existing and new public or private streets.
- Landscape area. All streets must incorporate the following landscape area abutting the back of the curb:
 - 1. New streets. Refer to section 27-107C(9), new streets.
 - 2. Existing streets. A minimum 6-foot wide landscaped area, except when an official city plan or project uses an alternate design. When an alternate design is used, existing streets must conform to said design.
- c. Sidewalk area. All streets must incorporate the following sidewalks immediately adjacent to the required landscape area:
 - 1. New streets. Refer to section 27-107C(9), new streets.
 - 2. Existing streets. A minimum 12-foot wide sidewalk, except when an official city plan or project uses an alternate design. When an alternate design is used, existing streets must conform to said design.
- d. Buildings. Buildings must be built to the back of the sidewalk as established by build-to zone regulations. If buildings are set back from the edge of the required sidewalk, the setback area must include features such as outdoor dining and seating areas or plazas and landscaped open spaces that provide a safe, comfortable, and active environment for pedestrians.
- e. Lighting. Lighting must conform to the following:
 - 1. Pedestrian and street lighting must be installed in the streetscape landscape zone at intervals of 50 to 70 feet on center and must be located an equal distance from required street trees.
 - 2. Pole height may not exceed 15 feet.
 - 3. Light poles and lamps must be selected from the city's approved streetscape list, which is available in the public works department. Alternative designs may be approved on a case-by-case basis with the approval of the community development director.
- f. Street furniture. Street furniture must be provided as follows:
 - 1. Benches and trash and recycling receptacles must be installed every 250 feet along the street and at each building entrance adjacent to a pedestrian walkway.
 - 2. Furniture must be selected from the city's approved streetscape list, which is available in the community development department; alternative designs may be approved on a case-by-case basis with the approval of the community development director.

- g. *Maintenance*. Maintenance of trash and recycling receptacles, including servicing, repair, and replacement, is the full responsibility of the nearest adjacent property owner.
- h. Recycling receptacles. Recycling receptacles must be clearly identified with symbols and/or text indicating its intended use.
- (9) New streets. The following apply to all new streets, including those not required by the regulating map.
 - a. Street type. All new streets must be designed in accordance with new street type A, except where new street type B or new street type C are authorized by approval of both the community development director and the public works director, and except as provided for in "d" below.
 - b. *Public use.* All streets shall be available for public use at all times. Gated streets and streets posted as private are not permitted.
 - c. *Public street standards*. All new streets shall be public streets or private streets built to public standards.

Figure 27-107C-4 New Street Type A (not to scale)



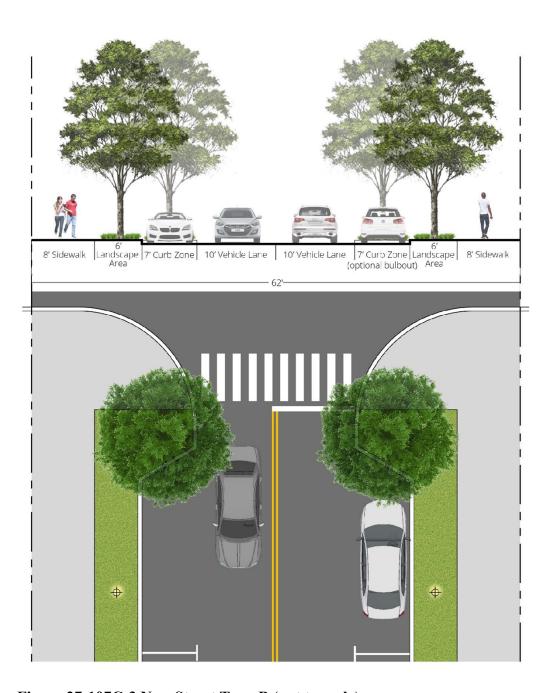
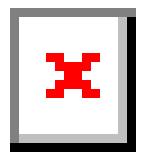


Figure 27-107C-3 New Street Type B (not to scale)



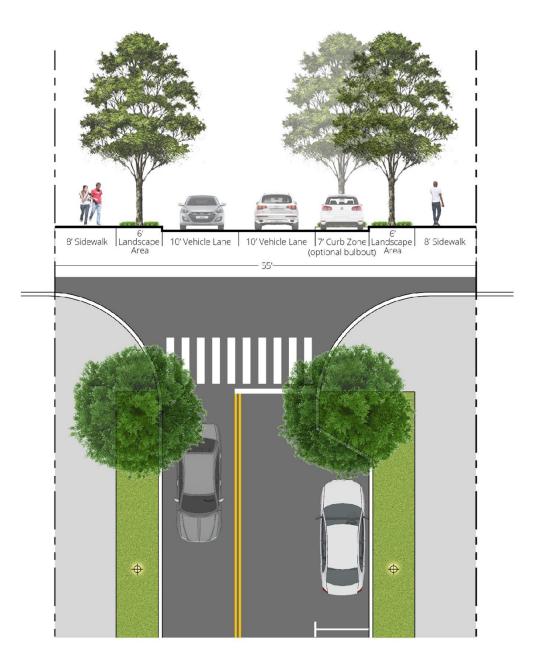
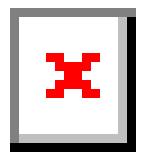
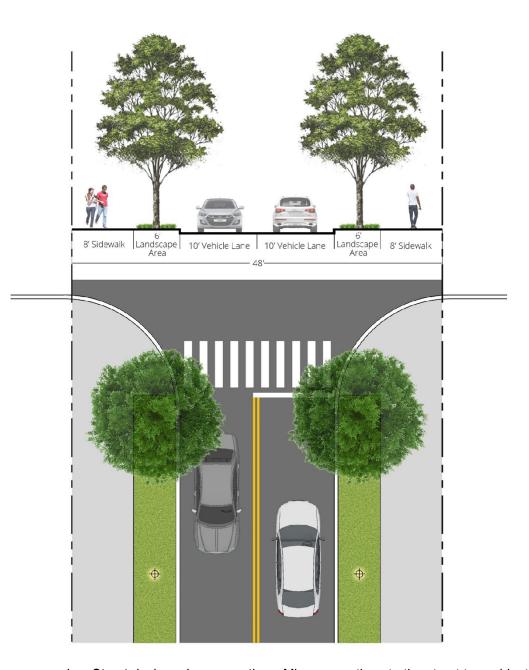


Figure 27-107C-2 New Street Type C (not to scale)





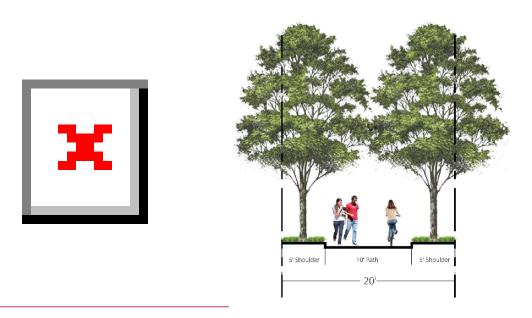
- d. Street design minor exceptions. Minor exceptions to the street types identified in "a" above may be authorized by approval of both the community development director and the public works director where both directors find that the minor exception is for one or more of the following public purposes:
 - 1. To provide on- or off-street bicycle facilities;
 - 2. To provide narrower sidewalks or landscaped zones in order to accommodate existing buildings, existing landscaping, existing topography, other existing features, lot size, or lot shape which restrict the ability to provide the required width;
 - 3. To provide a median, a left turn lane, or combination thereof;
 - 4. To add or eliminate bulb-outs;

- 5. To provide hardscape surface in the landscaped zone in order to provide pedestrian access to adjacent on-street parking;
- 6. To provide alternative curb zone or on-street parking configurations, such as angled parking, or to eliminate onstreet parking along one or both sides;
- 7. To increase or decrease the travel lane width; or
- 8. To provide traffic calming or pedestrian safety measures.

(10) Pedestrian paths.

- a. Location. New pedestrian paths shall be required in the approximate location shown in the Dunwoody Village Master Plan or other plan that has been adopted by the city, in order to establish an off-street bicycle and pedestrian network. Additional pedestrian paths not shown in adopted plans are also allowed.
- b. *Path type.* All new paths shall be designed in accordance with figure 27-107C-5, new pedestrian path.
- c. *Public use.* All pedestrian paths shall be available for public use at all times. Gated pedestrian paths or paths posted as private are not permitted.
- d. Adjustments to requirements. During the pre-submittal conference, the community development director and/or public works director may adjust requirements for path location, right-of-way width and alignment, pavement width, or pedestrian path elements depending on unique site locations and characteristics.

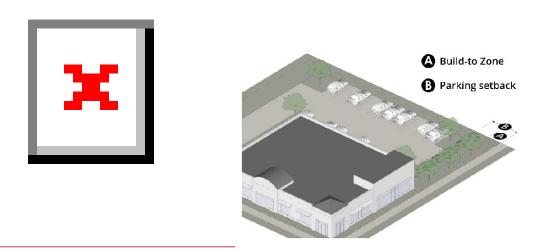
Figure 27-107C-5 New Pedestrian Path (not to scale)



- (b) Required shopfronts. New shopfront buildings (refer to section 27-107D(e) must be constructed in areas shown on figure 27-107B-1, regulating map, in order to concentrate commercial activity in a pedestrian-friendly location.
- (c) Parking and circulation. The parking and circulation regulations of article IV, division 1 apply except as modified by the following regulations. (Refer also to the parking regulations of 27-107D(i)(5).)
 - (1) Parking may be provided in excess of the citywide parking maximums by special exception (see article V, division 6) only when all of the following occur:

- a. The excess parking is located within a parking deck having at least two parking levels.
- b. The excess parking is located in a location identified as a public parking opportunity on the regulating map.
- c. The excess parking is available to the general public, either with or without paying a fee, on a daily basis.
- d. The excess parking may not be assigned to or otherwise deemed accessory to any on-site or off-site use.
- (2) Parking lots and parking structures must observe the parking setbacks established by district regulation and building type. Parking lot and parking structure setbacks are shown in figure 27-107C-6.
- (3) Parking lots must be set back from a lot line abutting another property a minimum of five feet.
- (4) Any parking deck which faces any public or private street must provide an intervening building having habitable space along the full length of the parking structure.
- (5) Wherever possible, parking lots must be confined to the rear of structures and parking decks must be placed underground.

Figure 27-107C-6 Parking setback for parking lots and parking structures



- (d) Landscaping.
 - (1) The landscaping and screening regulations of article IV, division 2, apply.
 - (2) Street tree regulations of chapter 16, section 16-238 apply.
- (e) Service areas, retaining walls, parking, and drive-throughs.
 - (1) Dumpsters and other building service areas must be concealed from view of public rights-of-way, publicly accessible areas of the site, and residential zoning districts. All dumpsters must be concealed with secured gates screening in accordance with section 27-231.
 - (2) Retaining walls must comply with the city building code. Visible areas of retaining wall must be faced with brick or stone compatible with the façade materials of the closest downhill building. Visible horizontal retaining wall expanses exceeding 20 feet must include offset pilasters faced with the same brick or stone as the wall, rising three courses above the top of the adjoining wall,

- and finished with a double course capital of the same brick or stone. As used here, "visible" means visible from a public street, private street, or adjacent parcels.
- (3) Parking must be concealed from view of public rights-of-way by buildings, evergreen hedges, or street walls. Evergreen hedges and street walls must be no less than 75 percent opaque and built along the build-to-line. Street walls must be a minimum of 3.5 feet in height. The street wall shall have other individual openings not exceeding four square feet in area at height of less than 3.5 feet.
- (4) Utilities must be placed underground unless otherwise approved by the director of community development.
- (5) New drive-throughs are prohibited and existing drive-throughs shall be deemed non-conforming uses subject to section 27-554.

(Ord. No. 2020-11-23, Exh. A, 11-30-2020)

Sec. 27-107D. - Building types.

- (a) General standards. The building types detailed in this section define the required building forms for new construction and renovated structures within the DV districts defined in section 27-107B, districts.
- (b) *Applicability.* The provisions of this section shall only apply to improvements which involve one or more of the following:
 - (1) New structure. Development of a new principal structure on a lot or portion of a lot; or
 - (2) Expansions of existing structures. Redevelopment or expansion that results in an increase in existing building gross floor area on the subject property by more than ten percent, based on the total floor area added over the previous 12-month period.
- (c) *Districts, building types.* For each lot, a designated DV district is found on figure 27-107B-1, regulating map.
 - (1) *District.* Each district, per section 27-107B, districts, has a set of requirements related to permitted building types, building height, site coverage, lot dimensions, setbacks, uses, and open spaces.
 - (2) Building types. Each building type, as established in this section has a set of requirements.
 - (3) Uses. Uses are permitted by district, per 27-107B(f), uses. Each building type can house a variety of uses depending on the district in which it is located. Some building types have additional limitations on permitted uses as located within the building.
 - (4) *Multiple principal structures*. Multiple structures are permitted on all lots. All structures shall meet the requirements of one of the permitted building types for the district.
 - (5) *Permanent structures.* All buildings constructed shall be permanent construction, unless otherwise noted.
 - (6) Other structures. Utility structures and towers permitted in the district are exempt from the building type standards.
 - (7) Build to the corner.
 - a. The corner of the lot is defined as the intersection of the two build-to zones of each street.
 - b. Buildings shall be built up to the corner along both adjoining streets, occupying the intersection of the two build-to zones of any intersection streets. Courtyards shall not be located in this area.
 - (8) Treatment of build-to zones, setbacks. See section 27-621 terms defined for definition of build-to zones and setbacks.

a. Landscape areas. All build-to zones and setbacks not containing authorized buildings shall only contain courtyards (as permitted by street type frontage), plazas (as permitted by street type frontage), patios (as permitted by street type frontage), sidewalk or path extensions, buffers, and/or landscape yards, unless otherwise specifically noted.

(9) Driveways.

- a. *Public works director.* The public works director shall determine the need to close existing driveways, width of driveways, and proximity of driveways to other driveways or streets.
- b. *Alleys/lanes*. Access from an adjacent alley or lane is unlimited. Construction of new private or public alleys/lanes through blocks is encouraged. Typically, alleys or lanes cut through a block and provide vehicular access to multiple garages, parking lots, or service areas.
- c. Secondary street access. If no alley exists, one driveway access per 200 linear feet of street frontage or two total driveway access points, whichever is greater, are permitted from each secondary street per site.
- d. *Driveway access*. If no alley or secondary street exists, one driveway access point is permitted off each primary street.
- e. Shared driveways. Shared driveways are required for all adjacent developments.
- f. Inter-lot drives. When two or more parking lots are located adjacent to each other and each lot is within the same DV district, the parking lots shall be connected with a drive perpendicularly crossing the transition yard. Other parking lots should be connected wherever practical.
- g. Pedestrian facilities. At-grade, designated pedestrian routes, including sidewalks and crosswalks, shall be provided to connect each parking area to either the primary sidewalk (and front entrance) or a rear public entrance.
 - 1. Vehicular areas, such as driveways, parking lot aisles, bike lanes/facilities, and parking areas, shall not be utilized as designated pedestrian routes.
 - 2. Pedestrian connections are required between all adjacent sites and land uses.
- h. *Driveway location*. Driveways may cross perpendicularly through build-to zones and setbacks, or to connect to a parking lot on an abutting lot.

(10) Loading facilities.

- a. Loading facilities may not face a primary street.
- b. Loading facilities may not be located in any required building setback area or within the build-to zone.
- The preferred location for loading facilities is in the interior of the lot, not visible from any streets.
- d. Loading facilities visible from a street must be screened from the sidewalk by a fence/wall or a combination of fence/wall and landscape screening.
 - 1. Fence/wall. Fences and walls shall be no taller than six feet and shall have a minimum overall opacity of 80 percent. Materials must meet the requirements of section 27-107D(d)(3)a, predominant exterior materials.
 - 2. Landscape. Tree canopies shall be used to screen above the six-foot wall or fence.
 - 3. Shrubs and hedges. Shrubs and hedges may be utilized to fulfill no more than one third of the screening, as measured along the screen length. A double row of five-gallon shrubs, with mature height of a minimum six feet, is required.

(11) Accessory buildings.

- a. Attached accessory structures are considered part of the principal structure and shall meet all requirements of the principal structure.
- b. Detached accessory structures are not permitted between the face of the building and any public or private street right-of-way line.

(d) Architectural standards.

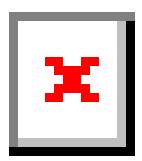
- (1) Applicable façades. These standards shall apply to all façades visible from the street, facing streets, facing main parking lots, and adjacent to open spaces, unless otherwise noted.
- (2) Applicability. In addition to the applicability requirements of 27-107D(b), the provisions of this section shall apply to any alteration to an existing structure that includes renovation of more than 25 percent of an applicable façade. Work that includes maintenance and repair of the existing doors, windows, paint, and roofs does not apply.
- (3) Exterior materials.
 - a. Predominant exterior materials. Predominant exterior finish materials are limited to:
 - Brick:
 - 2. Unpainted natural stone;
 - 3. Fiber cement siding;
 - 4. Hard-coat stucco; or
 - 5. Architectural ceramic panels.
 - b. Secondary exterior materials. Secondary façade materials include all predominant materials. Other materials may be approved by the director of community development during the site plan review process.
 - c. Accent materials. The following materials may be used for trim, details, soffits, eaves, and other accent areas: all predominant exterior materials, wood (including painted wood), synthetic materials, fiber cement, and aluminum or other durable metals. Other materials may be approved by the director of community development.
 - d. *Restrictions.* The use of plain concrete block, aluminum siding, and vinyl siding are prohibited as façade materials.
 - e. Roof materials. Acceptable roofing materials include asphalt shingles, wood shingles, reflective flat roofing systems, and other materials approved by the director of community development. Wherever asphalt shingles are used, they shall be a minimum three-dimensional architectural type. Standing seam metal roofs are permitted only as accents on porches or dormers.

(4) Building façades.

- Façades shall provide front entrance(s) that are distinct and visible from the street, but should not exaggerate or double the height of the entrance.
- b. Simple massing is preferred and should be used with stoops, porches, galleries, arcades, roof eaves, and/or balconies to provide expressive character.
- c. Façades of all buildings with two or more stories shall provide a discernable base, middle, and cap that are clearly defined by horizontal elements along the bottom and top of the building. Expression of the elements should be handled through changes in material selection, color, or plane. Use of horizontal bands, cornices, and/or varied window patterns can assist in expression.
- d. Building wall materials may be combined on each façade only horizontally, with the lighter above more substantial materials.
- e. All glass shall be clear and free of color.

- f. Low pitch or flat roofs must be enclosed by a parapet that is a minimum of 42 inches in height, or a greater height as necessary to conceal mechanical equipment.
- g. Hardwood used for rafters, fascia boards, and all visible portions of roof decking shall be varnished, oiled, stained, or painted. Pressure treated wood shall be painted.
- (5) Awnings. All awnings must be canvas, glass, or metal. Plastic awnings are prohibited. Canvas and metal awnings may not be translucent.
- (6) Shutters. Where installed, shutters, whether functional or not, must be designed to the following standards:
 - a. All shutters must be sized for the windows, so that if the shutters were to be closed, they would not be too small for complete coverage of the window.
 - b. Shutters must be wood, metal, or fiber cement. Other "engineered" woods may be approved during the site plan review process with an approved sample and examples of successful, high quality local installations.
- (7) Garage doors. The following requirements apply to garage doors provided on any street façade:
 - Location. Garage doors are not permitted on primary street façades unless not utilized for vehicular access (but may be used for patio access, open air dining, or similar purposes).
 Garage doors are permitted on secondary street façades with direct access to the street.
 The preferred location is on interior lot façades.
 - Recessed from façades. Garage doors located on street facing façades shall be recessed a
 minimum of three feet from the dominant façade of the principal building facing the same
 street.
 - c. Design. Garage doors facing a secondary street and intended to be closed during business hours shall be clad with materials consistent with the design of the building. Carriage-style doors are required on the townhouse building type.
- (8) Ground story at sloping façades.
 - a. Intent. Given the topography in many parts of Dunwoody Village, building design must accommodate grade changes along the sidewalk without creating tall, out-of-scale blank walls. Large, unarticulated building façades signal to pedestrians that an area is not intended for walking, reducing activity in the area and creating dead zones.
 - b. Regulations for shopfronts.
 - 1. Grade transitions on the building along the sidewalk should be designed to maximize active pedestrian-scale frontages between waist and eye level while minimizing blank walls.
 - Unless impracticable, the interior floor level shall step to match the exterior grade.
 - 3. If it is necessary for the interior floor to remain constant along the grade, changes may be accommodated by a storefront window display space.
 - 4. Knee wall and retaining walls shall not exceed 30 inches in height except along a maximum 15-foot section of façade length.
 - 5. If grade change is more than 12 feet along a single block face, entrance requirements may be increased to one entrance per 80 feet of building frontage.
 - c. Regulations for residential and other building frontages.
 - 1. Grade transitions at the building along the sidewalk should be designed to minimize blank walls.
 - 2. Unless impracticable, the interior floor level should step to match the exterior grade.

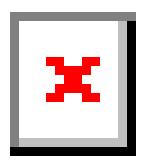
- 3. Transition zones between the sidewalk and building façade of porches, terraces, and landscape areas may be used assist with grade changes.
- 4. If it is necessary for the interior floor to remain constant along the grade, changes can be accommodated by terraced planters and retaining walls.
- 5. Retaining walls shall not exceed 30 inches in height except along a maximum 15-foot section of frontage.
- 6. When the elevation of the first floor is more than three feet above grade, windows should be provided into the basement or lower floor elevations.
- (9) *Multi-unit building balconies*. All multi-unit residential buildings, including those incorporating non-residential uses, shall incorporate balconies as follows:
 - a. At least 50 percent of the dwelling units located on façades facing streets or façades adjacent to open spaces must provide private balconies.
 - b. Required balconies must have a minimum depth of four feet and a minimum width of eight feet.
 - c. Required balconies may be covered or uncovered.
- (e) Shopfront building regulations.
 - (1) Intent. The shopfront building is intended for use as a mixed-use building located close to the sidewalk with parking in the rear or side of the lot. The most distinctive element of this building type is the ground floor front façade with large amounts of storefront glass and regularly spaced pedestrian entrances along the sidewalk, typically for retail and service uses.
 - (2) Standards. The following are the regulations for shopfront buildings.



SHOPFRONT BUILDING STANDARDS									
	DV-1 Village Commercial District	Commercial Office District							
BUILDING SITING See section 27-107B, districts, for build-to	o zone dimensions by	DV district							
Percent of building façade in build-to zone (primary street)	70% min.	60% min.	90% min.						
Percent of building façade in build-to zone (all other existing and new streets)	50% min.	No min.	50% min.						
Off-street parking along frontage	Not permitted	Not permitted	Not permitted						
FLOOR-TO-FLOOR HEIGHT See figure 27-107D-2 Measurin	ring Story Height and section 27-107(i)(2) Floor-To-Floor Heigh								
Ground Story Minimum Height	14 ft.	14 ft.	14 ft.						
Ground Story Maximum Height	30 ft.	24 ft.	30 ft.						
Ground Story Elevation	visible basement not	t. above adjacent sidev permitted (see 27-107l r stepping façades at si	D(d)(8) Ground Story						
USES									
Ground Story		ry, service subcategor B(f) uses) permitted in	-						
Upper Story	any use permitted ir	the district							
Parking within Building	ı ' ' '	basement and in rear nce shall not be on a p							
Required Occupied Space	30 ft. deep from any	façade on all ground	and upper stories						
STREET FAÇADE DESIGN REQUIREMENTS See section 27-1	14(d)(4) Street Façade	Design Requirements							
Ground Story Fenestration Measured between 2 and 10 ft. above grade	75% min.	60% min.	75% min.						
Upper Story Fenestration	15% min.	15% min.	15% min.						
Ground Story Blank Wall along a Primary Street	20	ft. max. length or hei	ght						
Entry Area	recessed between 3 street	and 8 ft. from the faç	ade closest to the						
Entrance Elevation	within 2 ft. of average grade at the sidewalk adjacent to entrance								
Required Number of Street Entrances along a Primary Street	1 per establishment	located along the fro	nt façade						
Vertical Façade Divisions	1 per 30 ft. of façade	width max.							

(f) General building regulations.

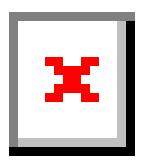
- (1) Intent. The general building is intended to be built close to the sidewalk, but may also have a landscape yard. This building can be structured to house offices or residential uses including multi-family, and may have limited amounts of accessory retail and service uses in the ground floor. Parking is typically provided in structures at the rear of the lot, internally in the rear of the building, but may also have limited surface parking along the side of the building.
- (2) Standards. The following are the regulations for general buildings.



GENERAL BUILDING STANDARDS											
	DV-1 Village Commercial District	Commercial Office Residential									
BUILDING SITING See section 27-107B, districts, for build-to	zone dimension	s by DV district									
Percent of building façade in build-to zone (primary street)	80% min.	70% min.	60% min.	80% min.							
Percent of building façade in build-to zone (all other existing and new streets)	30% min.	30% min.	30% min.	30% min.							
Off-street parking along Frontage	Not permitted	Not permitted	Not permitted	Not permitted							
FLOOR-TO-FLOOR HEIGHT See figure 27-107D-2 Measuring	D-2 Measuring Story Height and section 27-107(i)(2) Floor-To-Floor Height.										
Ground Story Minimum Height	14 ft.	14 ft.	12 ft.	14 ft.							
Ground Story Maximum Height	30 ft.	24 ft.	24 ft.	30 ft.							
Ground Story Elevation	way without vis	5 ft. above the a lible basement a walk with a visib	ind a maximum	0							
USES											
Ground Story	any use permit	ted in the distric	t								
Upper Story	any use permit	ted in the distric	t								
Parking within Building	l '	in any basemen arking entrance		0							
Required Occupied Space	30 ft. deep fron	n any façade on	all ground and	upper stories							
STREET FAÇADE DESIGN REQUIREMENTS See section 27-11	4(d)(4) Street Faç	ade Design Req	uirements								
Ground Story Fenestration Measured between 2 and 10 ft. above grade	20% min.	20% min.	20% min.	20% min.							
Upper Story Fenestration	15% min.	15% min.	15% min.	15% min.							
Ground Story Blank Wall along a primary street		30 ft. max. len	gth or height								
Entry Area	recessed minim	num 3 ft. from th	ne façade closes	t to the street							
Required Number of Street Entrances along a primary street	1 per 150 ft. wie	dth of front faça	de								
Vertical Façade Divisions	1 per 150 ft. of	façade width m	ЭX.								

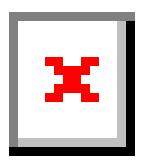
(g) Townhouse building regulations.

- (1) *Intent.* The townhouse building is typically comprised of several multi-story attached house units, located adjacent to each other, each with its own pedestrian entrance to the street.
- (2) Standards. The following are the regulations for townhouse buildings.



TOWNHOUSE BUILDING STANDARDS										
	DV-1 Village Commercial District	Commercial Office District Residential								
BUILDING SITING See section 27-107B districts, for bui	ld-to zone dimens	sions by DV distric	t							
Percent of building façade in build-to zone (primary street)	65% max.	n/a	65% max.	n/a						
Percent of building façade in build-to zone (all other existing and new streets)	No min.	n/a	No min.	n/a						
Off-street parking along Frontage	Not permitted	n/a	Not permitted	n/a						
FLOOR-TO-FLOOR HEIGHT See figure 27-107D-2 Measuring Story Height and section 27-107(i)(2) Floor-To-Floor Height										
Ground Story Minimum Height	9 ft.	n/a	9 ft.	n/a						
Ground Story Maximum Height	14 ft.	n/a	14 ft.	n/a						
Ground Story Elevation	maximum of 2.5 ft. above the sidewalk without a visible basement and a maximum of 4.5 ft. above the sidewalk with a visible basement									
USES	•									
Ground Stories	attached hous	se, live-work								
Upper Story	attached hous	se								
Parking within Building	floors; garage of interior side or	in any basement ar doors and access to rear façade (not a s r loaded from an in	structured parki street façade), ex	ng shall be off an						
Required Occupied Space	20 feet deep f	rom any façade ale pper stories	ong a primary st	reet on all						
STREET FAÇADE DESIGN REQUIREMENTS See section 2	27-114(d)(4) Stree	t Façade Design Re	equirements							
Ground Story Fenestration Measured between 2 and 10 ft. above grade	15% min.	n/a	15% min.	n/a						
Ground Story Blank Wall along a Primary Street	No max.	n/a	No max.	n/a						
Entry Area	Defined. The p	be off a stoop or a porch shall be a lea ill be at least 3 feet	est 5 feet deep a	nd 8 feet wide.						
Required Number of Street Entrances	1 per unit	n/a	1 per unit	n/a						
Vertical Façade Divisions	No more than two side by side units may share the same façade plane and then a 2 foot offset is required.									

- (h) Civic building regulations.
 - (1) *Intent*. The civic building is the most flexible building type and is limited to civic and institutional types of uses. These buildings are distinctive within the village fabric created by the other building types and could be designed as iconic structures.
 - (2) Standards. The following are the regulations for civic buildings.



CIVIC BUILDING STANDARDS												
	DV-1 Village Commercial District	DV-2 Village Office District	DV-3 Village Residential District	DV-4 Village Center District								
BUILDING SITING See section 27-107B, districts, for build-to zone dimensions by DV district												
Percent of building façade in build-to zone (all streets)	No min.	No min.	No min.	No min.								
Off-street parking along Frontage	Not permitted	Not permitted	Not permitted	Not permitted								
OR-TO-FLOOR HEIGHT See figure 27-107D-2 Measuring Story Height and section 27-107(i)(2) Floor-To-Floor Height.												
Ground Story Minimum Height	14 ft.	14 ft.	14 ft	14 ft.								
Ground Story Maximum Height	30 ft.	30 ft.	30 ft.	30 ft.								
Ground Story Elevation	way without vis		adjacent sidewalk and a maximum o ble basement									
USES												
All Stories	Limited to civic	subcategory of	uses									
Parking within Building	upper floors; e	ntrance should	nt and in rear of g be from an interi	or façade								
Required Occupied Space		om any façade a nd upper storie:	along a primary s	treet on all								
STREET FAÇADE DESIGN REQUIREMENTS See section 27-11	14(d)(4) Street Fa	çade Design Re	quirements									
Ground Story Fenestration Measured between 2 and 10 ft. above grade	20% min.	20% min.	20% min.	20% min.								
Ground Story Blank Wall along a Primary Street		No	max.									
Entry Area	Terms Defined	. Porch shall be	r a porch. Refer t at least 5 feet de feet deep and 5 f	ep and 8 feet								
Required Number of Street Entrances		One per	building									
Ground Story Vertical Façade Divisions		none r	equired									

- (i) Explanation of specific building type requirements. The following explains and further defines the standards outlined on the tables on the previous pages, specific to each building type.
 - (1) Building siting. The following explains the line item requirements for each building type table within the section entitled "Building siting."
 - a. Build-to zone coverage. The minimum percentage of building wall or façade along the street for each street is designated on each building type table.
 - 1. *Measurement*. The width of the principal structures (as measured within the build-to zone along the frontage edge) is divided by the length of the frontage parallel to the property line following the street.
 - 2. Courtyards. Courtyards, per section 27-621, terms defined, located along the façade in the build-to zone count towards the minimum coverage. Refer to street types for limitations of courtyards along some frontages.

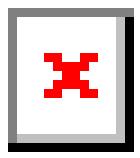
b. Build-to zone.

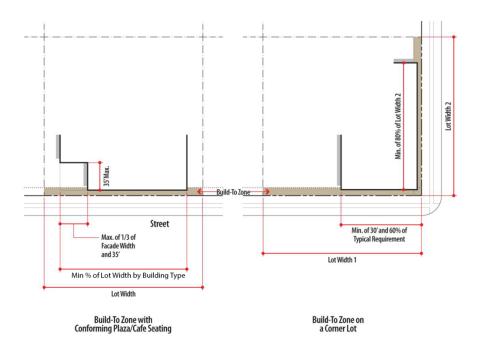
1. *Defined.* The build-to zone is the area on the lot where a certain percentage of the front building façade must be located, measured as a minimum and maximum yard (setback) range from the edge of the right-of-way.

2. Measurement.

- i. The percent of building façade in build-to zone specifies the amount of the front building façade that must be located in the build-to zone, based on the width of the street-facing building façade divided by the width of the lot. The build-to zone is measured from the edge of the street frontage area onto the site. The lot width shall exclude any portions of the lot used for required transitions, provided new streets, or provided open space.
- ii. When a lot contains multiple buildings, the build-to zone requirements are measured as the sum of all buildings. There are no build-to zone requirements when a building is located behind another building that conforms to build-to zone requirements.

Figure 27-107D-1 Build-to zone with allowed plaza (left) and on corner lot (right)

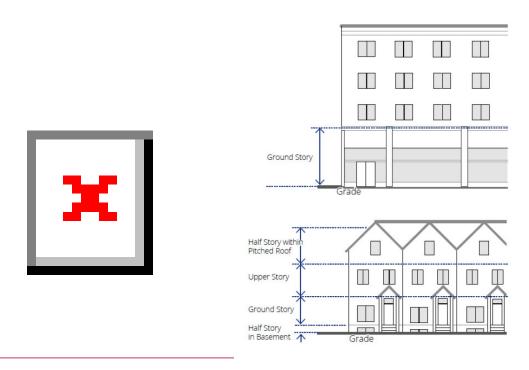




- 3. Open spaces. Outdoor open space, plazas, and outdoor dining areas are counted as part of the building for the purpose of measuring compliance with build-to zone requirements, provided that:
 - The area does not exceed one-third the length of the building face or 35 feet, whichever is less; and
 - ii. The area is no more than 35 feet in depth (refer to figure 27-107D-1).
- c. Corner lots. On corner lots, minimum requirements governing the percent of building façade that must be located in the build-to zone may be reduced by 60 percent along one of the frontages, at the property owner's option, provided that a building façade must be placed in the build-to zone for the first 30 feet along each street extending from the corner (refer to figure 27-107D-1).
 - Encroachments. Awnings and building mounted signage may extend beyond the buildto zone into the frontage area, but may not extend into the street right-of-way.

- 2. Porches, arcades, galleries. Porches, arcades, and galleries may be included on the building façade design, utilizing the range of depth permitted by the build-to zone. If located outside the building coverage requirement, the depth of the arcade or gallery may exceed the build-to zone.
- (2) Floor-to-floor height. The following explains the line item requirements for each building type table within the section entitled "Floor-to-floor height."
 - a. Overall permitted building heights are designated by district in stories. Refer to section 27-107B(b) through (e).
 - b. Ground story, minimum and maximum height. (Refer to figure 27-107D-2, measuring story height). Each building type provides a permitted range of height in feet for the ground story of the building.

Figure 27-107D-2 Measuring Story Height



- 1. *Taller spaces*. Spaces exceeding the allowable floor-to-floor heights of the building type are not permitted on primary street façades. These spaces are unlimited on interior lot and other street façades.
- c. *Ground story elevation.* The allowable ground story elevation for each building type is defined, establishing whether or not a visible basement is permitted.
 - 1. *Visible basements.* Visible basements, permitted by entrance type, are optional. The visible basement must not exceed one-half the height of the tallest story.
- (3) Uses within building. The following explains the line item requirements for each building type table within the section entitled "Uses within building." Refer to section 27-107B(f) uses for uses permitted within each DV district. The requirements in this section of the building type tables may limit those uses within a specific building type.
 - a. Ground and upper story. The uses or category of uses which may occupy the ground and/or upper story of a building.

- b. Parking within building. The area(s) of a building in which parking is permitted within the structure.
- c. Required occupied space. The required depth of occupied space from the noted façade(s). Refer to section 27-621, terms defined, for the definition of occupied space.
- (4) Street façade design requirements. The following explains the line item requirements for each building type within the section entitled "street façade requirements". These requirements apply only to façades facing public or private streets and façades facing main parking lots where visitors or customers park.
 - a. *Minimum fenestration.* (refer to figure 27-107D-4, measuring fenestration, per façade). Fenestration shall be measured as the percentage of the total façade area of each story dedicated to glazing. The following articulates the minimum amount of ground story transparent glass required on all façades facing streets.
 - 1. *Measurement.* Ground story fenestration, when defined separately from the overall minimum fenestration, shall be measured as the percentage of the total façade area dedicated to glazing between two feet and ten feet above average grade at the base of the front façade. Refer to figure 27-107D-3, measuring ground story fenestration.
 - 2. *Transparent.* Transparent means any glass in windows and/or doors, including any mullions, that is highly transparent with low reflectance. Glazed elements must be clear and non- reflective and not be painted or tinted, except that low-emission (Low-E) glass coatings are permitted.

Figure 27-107D-3 Measuring Ground Story Fenestration

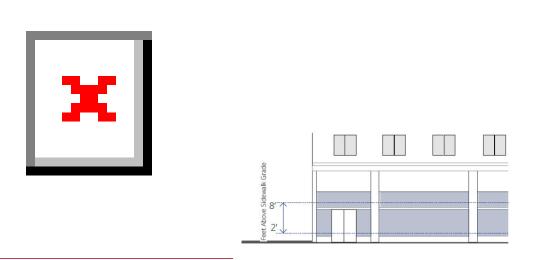
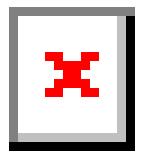
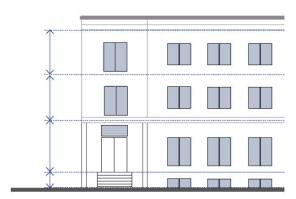


Figure 27-107D-4 Measuring Fenestration per Façade





- 3. Other stories. A general minimum fenestration requirement applies to all other stories visible from any street. The fenestration is measured from top of the finished floor to the top of the finished floor above. When there is no floor above, upperstory fenestration is measured from the top of the finished floor to the top of the wall plate.
- 4. Arcades, galleries, courtyards. Ground story windows shall be located on the interior façade of any arcade or gallery. Ground story windows shall continue around a minimum of 60 percent of courtyard façades.

b. Blank wall area.

- 1. Blank walls are areas on the exterior façade of a building that do not include a substantial material change; windows or doors; columns, pilasters or other articulation greater than 12 inches in depth. Blank wall limits are established in 27-107D(e) through 27-107D(h).
- 2. Blank wall area regulations apply in both a vertical and horizontal direction.
- c. Entry area. Size requirements and recommended types of entrance areas per building type.
- d. Required number of street entrances. The minimum number of and maximum spacing between entrances on the ground floor building façade with street frontage. Street entrances for all non-residential uses shall remain unlocked during business hours. Entrances located on corners may satisfy the requirement of both adjacent streets.
- e. Vertical façade divisions. The use of a vertically oriented expression line or form to divide the façade into vertical divisions at increments no greater than the dimension shown, as measured along the base of the façade. Elements may include a column, pilaster, or other continuous vertical ornamentation a minimum of 1.5 inch depth. Refer to section 27-621, terms defined, for the definition of expression line.
- (5) Parking structures fronting a street. The following applies to parking structures fronting a public street, in addition to the requirements of 27-107C(c).
 - a. Primary streets. Parking structures, whether accessory or principal use, shall not front a
 primary street, unless otherwise approved with special land use permit per article V, division
 - b. Parking structure design requirements.

- 1. Blank wall limitations. On any street façade, no rectangular area greater than 30 percent of any story's façade, as measured from floor to floor, and no horizontal segment of a story's façade greater than 15 feet in width may be solid, blank wall.
- 2. Pedestrian entry. A defined pedestrian entrance/exit is required separate from the vehicular entrance and directly accessing the sidewalk. If the entry is enclosed, 65 percent of the entry must be transparent glass.
- 3. Screening. All openings of any parking deck must be fully screened from view from any residential dwelling or adjacent public or private streets so that cars, sloped ramps, and interior deck lighting are not visible.

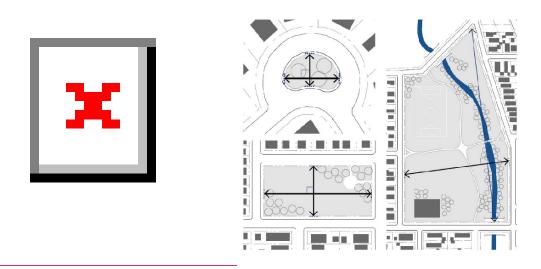
(Ord. No. 2020-11-23, Exh. A, 11-30-2020)

Sec. 27-107E. - Open space types.

- (a) *Intent.* To provide open space as an amenity that promotes physical and environmental health within the community and to provide access to a variety of active and passive open space types.
- (b) Applicability. These standards apply to open space required by 27-107B.
 - (1) Existing open space. At the discretion of the city, existing open space on the site may be used to meet the minimum requirement; however, the existing open space shall conform to one of the types defined.
 - (2) Historic preservation incentive. When buildings built before 1930 are incorporated into a development and when no changes are made to their exterior (other than paint color), an area equal to three times the building footprint is may be used to meet the minimum requirement.
 - (3) Fee in-lieu. Open space requirements of this section must be met by open space provided on the development site, unless off-site open space or a fee in lieu of open space provision is approved in accordance with the special administrative permit process.
- (c) General requirements. All open space shall meet the following:
 - (1) Open space types. All open space provided shall comply with one of the open space types defined by subsections (e) through (i).
 - (2) *Location.* Open space must be provided in the approximate location required on figure 27-107B-1, regulating map, when applicable.
 - (3) Access. All open space types shall provide public access from a pedestrian route associated with a vehicular right-of-way and/or adjacent building entrances/exits.
 - (4) Fencing. Open space types may incorporate fencing, provided that the following requirements are met.
 - a. *Height.* Fencing shall be a maximum height of 48 inches, unless approved by the community development director for such circumstances as use around athletic facilities.
 - b. Level of opacity. Fence opacity shall be no greater than 60 percent.
 - c. *Type.* Chain-link fencing is not permitted along any street frontage, with the exception of dedicated athletic facility fencing approved by the community development director.
 - d. Spacing of openings. Openings or gates shall be provided on every street face at a minimum of one per every 200 feet.
 - (5) Open water body. All open water bodies, such as lakes, ponds, pools, creeks, and streams within an open space type shall be located at least 20 feet from a property line to allow for pedestrian and bicycle access as well as a landscape area surrounding the water body.

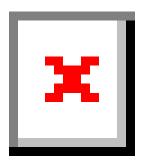
- (6) Parking requirements. Parking shall not be required for any open space type, unless otherwise determined by the community development director.
- (7) Continuity. New open space shall connect to abutting or proximate existing or planned trail rights-of-way.
- (8) Measuring size.
 - a. Size. The size of the open space shall be is measured to include all landscape and paving areas associated directly with the open space.
 - b. Minimum dimension. The minimum dimension shall be the minimum length or width of the open space, as measured along the longest two straight lines intersecting at a right angle which define the maximum length and width of the lot. Refer to figure 27-107E-1, measuring minimum dimensions.

Figure 27-107E-1 Measuring Minimum Dimensions



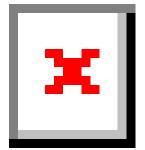
- (9) *Minimum percentage of street frontage required.* A minimum percentage of the open space perimeter, as measured along the outer edge of the space, shall be located directly adjacent to a primary or secondary street. This requirement provides access and visibility to the open space.
- (10) *Improvements*. As noted in the specific requirements for each open space type (subsections (e) through (i)), the following types of site improvements and structures may be permitted on an open space.
 - a. *Fully enclosed structures permitted.* Fully enclosed structures may include such uses as small cafes, kiosks, community centers, and restrooms.
 - 1. *Maximum area.* For some civic open space types, fully enclosed structures are permitted, but limited to a maximum building coverage as a percentage of the open space area.
 - 2. Semi-enclosed structures. Open-air structures, such as gazebos, are permitted in all open space types.
 - Maximum impervious and semi-pervious surface permitted. The amounts of impervious and semi-pervious coverage are provided separately for each open space type (subsections (e) through (i)) to allow an additional amount of semi-pervious surface, such as permeable

- paving, above the impervious surfaces permitted, including, but not limited to, sidewalks, paths, and structures as permitted.
- c. Maximum percentage of open water body. The maximum amount of area within an open space type that may be covered by an open water body, including, but not limited to, ponds, lakes, and pools.
- (d) Stormwater in open space types. Stormwater management practices, such as normally dry storage and retention facilities or ponds maintaining water at all times, may be integrated into open space types and utilized to meet stormwater requirements for surrounding parcels.
 - (1) Stormwater features. Stormwater features in open space may be designed as formal or natural amenities with additional uses other than stormwater management, such as an amphitheater, sports field, or a pond or pool as part of the landscape design. Stormwater features shall not be fenced and shall not impede public use of the land they occupy.
 - (2) Walls. Retaining walls over 30 inches in height are not permitted in any open space accommodating stormwater.
 - (3) Qualified professional. A qualified design professional shall be utilized to incorporate the stormwater features into the design of the open spaces.

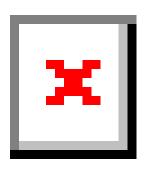


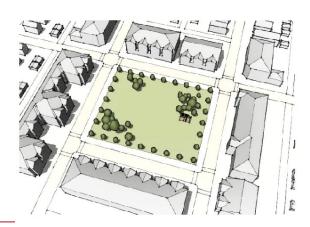


(e) Plaza. The intent of the plaza is to provide a formal open space type of medium scale to serve as a gathering place for civic, social, and commercial purposes. The plaza may contain a greater amount of impervious coverage than any other open space type. Special features, such as fountains and public art installations, are encouraged.

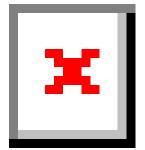


PLAZA CRITERIA	
Dimensions	
Minimum Size	0.10 acres
Minimum Dimension	60 feet
Minimum Percentage of Street Frontage Required	25%
Improvements	
Fully Enclosed Structures	Permitted; may cover maximum 5% of plaza area
Maximum Impervious Surface + Semi-Pervious Surface	40% + 20%
Maximum Percentage of Open Water & Stormwater Features	30%

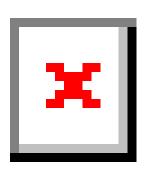




(f) Green. The intent of the green is to provide informal, medium scale active or passive recreation for building occupants and visitors within walking distance, mainly fronted by streets.

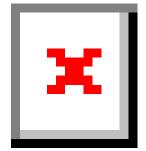


GREEN CRITERIA					
Dimensions					
Minimum Size	0.10 acres				
Minimum Dimension	45 feet				
Minimum Percentage of Street Frontage Required	25%				
Improvements					
Fully Enclosed Structures	Not Permitted				
Maximum Impervious Surface + Semi-Pervious Surface	20% + 15%				
Maximum Percentage of Open Water & Stormwater Features	30%				

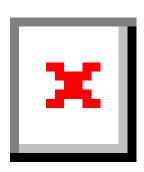




(g) Commons. The intent of the commons is to provide an informal, small to medium scale space for active or passive recreation for a limited area. Commons are typically internal to a block and tend to serve adjacent building occupants.

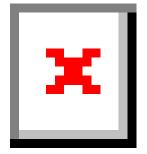


COMMONS CRITERIA	
Dimensions	
Minimum Size	0.45 acres
Minimum Dimension	45 feet
Minimum Percentage of Street Frontage Required	0%; requires a minimum of two access points with a total depth of 100 feet maximum (minimum 30 feet wide)
Improvements	
Fully Enclosed Structures	Permitted; may cover maximum 5% of commons area
Maximum Impervious Surface + Semi-Pervious Surface	30% + 10%
Maximum Percentage of Open Water & Stormwater Features	30%

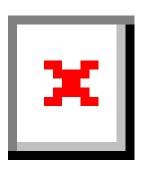


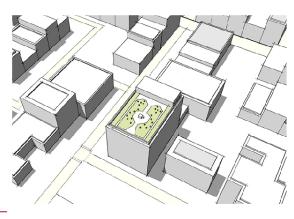


(h) Park. The intent of the park is to provide informal active and passive large-scale recreational amenities to local residents and the greater region. Parks have primarily natural plantings and are frequently created around an existing natural feature such as a water body or stands of trees.

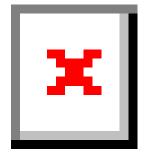


PARK CRITERIA	
Dimensions	
Minimum Size	0.75 acres
Minimum Dimension	30 feet; minimum average width of 80 feet
Minimum Percentage of Street Frontage Required	30% for parks less than 5 acres; 20% for parks 5 or more acres in size
Improvements	
Fully Enclosed Structures	Permitted in parks 2 acres or larger in size
Maximum Impervious Surface + Semi-Pervious Surface	20% + 10%
Maximum Percentage of Open Water & Stormwater Features	30%





(i) Rooftop terrace. The intent of the rooftop terrace is to provide a formal or informal, small to medium scale space for passive or active recreation or gatherings. Rooftop terraces tend to serve adjacent building occupants but must be open to the general public to count toward the open space requirement.



ROOFTOP TERRACE CRITERIA							
Dimensions							
Minimum Size	0.10 acres						
Minimum Dimension	45 feet						
Minimum Percentage of Street Frontage Required	0% but must have signage that is clearly visible from the street indicating how to access the terrace						
Minimum Percentage of Accessible Terrace Area	25% of terrace area must be designed to be accessible; all remaining areas must be planted						
Improvements							
Fully Enclosed Structures	Permitted; may cover maximum 5% of terrace area						
Maximum Impervious Surface + Semi-Pervious Surface	No maximum						
Maximum Percentage of Open Water & Stormwater Features	30%						

(Ord. No. 2020-11-23, Exh. A, 11-30-2020)

Secs. 27-108—27-110. - Reserved.

Sec. 27-72. - Uses allowed.

The following table identifies uses allowed in nonresidential and mixed-use zoning districts. See [subsection] 27-111(4) for information about how to interpret the use table.

	DISTRICTS									Supplemental
USES	0-1	O-I- T	O- D	OCR	NS	C- 1	CR- 1	C- 2	М	Regulations
P = use permitted as of right / A = administrative permit req'd / E = special exception req'd / S = special land use permit req'd										
RESIDENTIAL										
Household Living										
Detached house	-	Р	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	27-147
Multi-unit building	-	-	-	S	-	-	S	-	-	
Mixed-use building, vertical	-	-	-	Р	-	-	Р	-	-	
Group Living	1	I	I	1		1				I
Convent and monastery	Р	Р	-	Р	-	-	-	-	-	27-146
Fraternity house, sorority house or residence hall	Р	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Nursing home	Р	Р	-	-	-	-	-	-	Р	
Personal care home, family (1—4 persons)	-	-	Р	-	Р	Р	Р	Р	-	
Personal care home, group (5—7 persons)	-	-	Р	-	Р	Р	Р	Р	-	
Personal care home, community (8+ persons)	Р	Р	Р	-	Р	Р	Р	Р	-	27-145
Child caring institution (1—6 persons)	Р	Р	Р	-	Р	Р	Р	Р	-	
Child caring institution (7—15 persons)	Р	Р	Р	-	Р	Р	Р	Р	-	
Child caring institution (16 or more)	Р	S	Р	-	Р	Р	Р	Р	-	
Community living arrangement (1—4 persons)				Р		Р	Р			
Shelter, homeless	S	S	-	-	-	Р	Р	Р	-	27-140
Transitional housing facility	S	S	-	-	-	Р	Р	Р	-	27-140

Party House	-	Α	-	-	-	Α	А	А	-	27-143.2
QUASI-PUBLIC AND INSTITUTIONAL										
Ambulance Service	T-	-	-	-	-	Р	Р	Р	Р	
Club or Lodge, Private	Р	Р	Р	-	-	Р	Р	Р	Р	
Cultural Exhibit	Р	Р	Р	-	-	Р	Р	Р	-	
Day care facility, adult (6 or fewer persons)	-	-	Р	-	-	-	-	-	-	27-137
Day care center, adult (7 or more)	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	-	
Day care facility, child (6 or fewer persons)	-	-	Р	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Day care center, child (7 or more)	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р		
Educational Services				<u> </u>		<u> </u>			<u> </u>	L
College or university	Р	Р	Р	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Kindergarten	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	-	27-141
Research and training facility, college or university affiliated	Р	Р	Р	-	-	-	-	-	Р	
School, private elementary, middle or senior high	Р	Р	Р	Р	-	Р	Р	Р	Р	27-148
School, specialized non-degree	Р	Р	Р	Р	-	Р	Р	Р	Р	
School, vocational or trade	Р	Р	Р	-	-	Р	Р	Р	Р	
Hospital	Р	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Place of Worship	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	27-146
Utility Facility, Essential	E	Е	Р	E	Е	Р	Р	Р	Р	27-151
COMMERCIAL										
Adult Use										
Body art service								Р	Р	
Sexually oriented business	Р	-	-	Р	-	-	-	Р	Р	27-149
		<u> </u>		<u> </u>			<u> </u>			1

Animal Services										
Animal care/boarding	-	-	-	S	S	Р	Р	Р	Р	27-131
Animal grooming	-	-	-	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	27-131
Animal hospital/veterinary clinic	-	-	-	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	27-131
Communication Services	1			<u> </u>	1	ı	<u> </u>			I
Radio and television broadcasting stations	Р	Р	Р	-	-	Р	Р	Р	Р	
Recording studios	Р	Р	Р	-	-	Р	Р	Р	Р	
Telecommunication tower	А	-	А	-	S	Α	А	А	А	27-150
Telecommunication antenna, co-located	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	27-150
Construction and Building Sales and Services	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
Building or construction contractor	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Р	Р	
Commercial greenhouse or plant nursery	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Р	Р	
Electrical, plumbing and heating supplies and services	-	-	-	-	-	Р	Р	-	Р	
Lumber, hardware or other building materials establishment	-	-	-	-	-	Р	Р	Р	Р	
Eating and Drinking Establishments	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	I		<u> </u>	I	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
Microbrewery	S	-	-	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	
Wine Specialty Shop	S	-	-	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	
Distillery	S	-	-	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	
Brewery	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	S	S	
Restaurant, accessory to allowed office or lodging use	Р	-	-	Р	-	Р	Р	Р	Р	
-Restaurant, drive-in or drive-through	-	-	-	-	-	Þ	S	Þ	P	
Food truck	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	27-138
Other eating or drinking establishment	-	-	-	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	- <u>P</u>	

Entertainment and Spectator Sports										
Auditorium or stadium	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Р	Р	
Drive-in theater	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Р		
Movie theater	-	-	-	Р	-	-	-	Р	-	
Special events facility	-	Р	-	-	-	Р	Р	Р	-	
Financial Services										
Banks, credit unions, brokerage and investment services	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	
Convenient cash business	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Р	-	27-136
Pawn shop	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Р	-	27-144
Food and Beverage Retail Sales	•									
Liquor store (as principal use)	-	-	-	-	-	Р	Р	Р	Р	
Liquor store (accessory to lodging or 3+ story office)	-	-	Р	Р	-	-	-	-	-	
Other food and beverage retail sales	P [1]	-	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	
Funeral and Interment Services	<u>. </u>	<u> </u>	<u>. </u>		<u>. </u>	I		I	<u> </u>	I
Cemetery, columbarium, or mausoleum	Р	Р	Р	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Crematory	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	S	
Funeral home or mortuary	Р	-	-	-	-	Р	Р	Р	Р	
Lodging	Р	-	Р	Р	-	Р	Р	Р	Р	
Medical Service										
Home health care service	Р	Р	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Hospice	Р	Р	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Kidney dialysis center	Р	Р	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Medical and dental laboratory	Р	Р	-	Р	-	Р	Р	-	Р	

	_							_		ı
Medical office/clinic	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	
Office or Consumer Service	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	
Parking, Non-accessory	S	-	Р	-	-	Р	Р	Р	Р	27-143.1
Personal Improvement Service										
Barber shop, beauty shop, nail salon, massage and/or spa establishments, estheticians, and other "typical" uses per [subsection] 27-114(14)	Р	-	-	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	27-114(14)
Other personal improvement service	-	-	-	-	-	Р	Р	Р	Р	
Repair or Laundry Service, Consumer										
Laundromat, self-service	-	-	-	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	-	
Laundry or dry cleaning drop-off/pick-up	Р	-	-	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	
Other consumer repair or laundry service	-	-	-	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	
Research and Testing Services	Р	-	Р	Р	-	-	-	Р	Р	
Retail Sales										
Retail sales of goods produced on the premises	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Р	
Shopping Center	-	-	-	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	-	
Other retail sales	P [1]	-	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	-	
Sports and Recreation, Participant		<u> </u>	<u> </u>			<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	l
Golf course and clubhouse, private	Р	Р	Р	-	-	-	-	Р	Р	
Health club	-	-	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	
Private park	Р	Р	Р	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Recreation center or swimming pool, neighborhood	Р	Р	Р	-	-	-	-	-	Р	
Recreation grounds and facilities	-	-	Р	-	-	-	-	Р	-	
Tennis center, club and facilities	Р	Р	Р	Р	-	Р	Р	Р	-	
	•	-	•							•

Other participant sports and recreation (Indoor)	Р	-	-	Р	-	Р	Р	Р	-	
Other participant sports and recreation (Outdoor)		 -		 -	_			Р		
Other participant sports and recreation (Outdoor)		_	_	_	-	_	-	P		
Vehicle and Equipment, Sales and Service										
Car wash	-	-	-	-	-	Р	-	Р	Р	27-134
Gasoline sales	-	-	-	-	-	Р	-	Р	Р	27-139
Vehicle repair, minor	-	-	-	-	-	Р	-	Р	Р	27-153
Vehicle repair, major	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Р	Р	27-152
Vehicle sales and rental	-	-	-	-	-	S	S	Р	Р	27-154
Vehicle storage and towing	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Р	Р	27-155
<u>Other</u>										
Drive-through facility	<u>S</u>									
INDUSTRIAL										
Manufacturing and Production, Light	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Р	Р	
Wholesaling, Warehousing and Freight Movement				•						
Warehousing and storage	-	-	Р	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Self-storage warehouse	-	-	Р	-	-	-	-	-	Р	
Storage yard and truck terminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	S	
AGRICULTURE AND TRANSPORTATION										
Agriculture										
Agricultural produce stand	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Р	
Community garden	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	27-135
Crops, production of	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Р	
Transportation										

Heliport	S	-	S	-	-	S	S	-	Р	
Stations and terminals for bus and rail passenger service	S	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Taxi stand and taxi dispatching office	-	-	-	-	-	Р	Р	-	Р	

- [1] Within the O-I zoning district, other food and beverage sales and Other retail sales are limited as follows:
- a. Not permitted in any residential buildings or buildings with a residential component.
- b. Allowed only as an accessory use on the ground floor of a multi-story office or institutional building.
- c. Maximum floor area of the tenant suite is limited to $2,\!000$ square feet.

(Ord. No. 2013-10-15, § 1(Exh. A § 27-5.20), 10-14-2013; Ord. No. 2015-01-05, § 1, 1-26-2015; Ord. No. 2015-06-13, § 1, 6-22-2015; Ord. No. 2019-05-08, § 1, 5-6-2019; Ord. No. 2020-03-04, § I, 3-9-2020; Ord. No. 2021-09-14, § III, 9-27-2021; Ord. No. 2022-01-02, § II, 1-10-2022)

Sec. 27-117. – Other use category.

Drive-through facility. A facility at which the customer is served while sitting in a vehicle, typically associated with but not limited to, drive-thru restaurants, banks, pharmacies, and dry cleaners.

Secs. 27-1187—27-130. - Reserved.